



Visitor Vehicle Air and Noise Emissions Study

Cape Cod National Seashore

Final Report



September 2005

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>		<u>Page</u>
TABLE OF CONTENTS.....		ii
LIST OF FIGURES		iv
LIST OF TABLES.....		vi
1	INTRODUCTION	1
2	NATIONAL PARK DESCRIPTION	3
3	AIR EMISSION FACTORS.....	5
	3.1 MOBILE6	5
	3.2 Cape Cod National Seashore in MOBILE6.2	6
4	NOISE EMISSIONS	9
	4.1 TRAFFIC NOISE MODEL	9
	4.2 Cape Cod National Seashore in TNM	9
5	RESULTS	13
	5.1 Air Quality Emissions.....	13
	5.2 Noise Emissions.....	13
	5.2.1 Location Point Receiver Analysis.....	13
	5.2.2 Contour Analysis	15
6	CONCLUSIONS AND NEXT STEPS.....	21
	6.1 Conclusions.....	21
	6.2 Next Steps	21
7	REFERENCES	23
APPENDIX A. INPUT FILES		A-1
	A.1 Air Emissions Input (MOBILE6.2)	A-1
	A.1.1 Cape Cod Summer Weekday Input File	A-1
	A.1.2 Cape Cod Summer Weekend Input File	A-2
	A.1.3 Cape Cod Winter Weekday Input File	A-3
	A.1.4 Cape Cod Winter Weekend Input File	A-4
	A.1.4 Massachusetts Inspection and Maintenance Program Cut Points	A-5
	A.2 Noise Emissions Input (TNM).....	A-5
APPENDIX B. MODELED OUTPUT.....		B-1
	B.1 Air Emissions Output (MOBILE6.2)	B-1
	B.1.1 Cape Cod Summer Weekday Report File	B-1
	B.1.2 Cape Cod Summer Weekday PM10 and SO ₂ Report File	B-2
	B.1.3 Cape Cod Summer Weekend Report File	B-3
	B.1.4 Cape Cod Summer Weekend PM10 and SO ₂ Report File	B-5
	B.1.5 Cape Cod Winter Weekday Report File.....	B-6
	B.1.6 Cape Cod Winter Weekday PM10 and SO ₂ Report File.....	B-8
	B.1.7 Cape Cod Winter Weekend Report File.....	B-9
	B.1.8 Cape Cod Winter Weekend PM10 and SO ₂ Report File.....	B-10

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
B.2 Noise Emissions Output (TNM)	B-11

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>	<u>Page</u>
1. Cove Light at sunset	3
2. Map of Cape Cod National Seashore.....	4
3. Schematic of the MOBILE6 inputs and outputs.....	5
4. Cape Cod as mapped in TNM.....	10
5. A baseline contour map of Cape Cod, in L_{Aeq1h}	15
6. A baseline contour map of Provincetown, in L_{Aeq1h}	17
7. A baseline contour map of Wellfleet, in L_{Aeq1h}	18
8. A baseline contour map of Eastham/Orleans, in L_{Aeq1h}	19

LIST OF TABLES

<u>Table</u>		<u>Page</u>
1. MOBILE6.2 Summer and Winter Emission Factors		13
2. 2004 Emission Inventory		13
3. Location point receiver analysis results.....		14
4. Surface area inside each contour.		16
A-1. Cape Cod TNM baseline roadway input		A-6
A-2. Cape Cod TNM baseline ground zone input		A-7
A-3. Cape Cod TNM baseline tree zone input.....		A-9
A-4. Cape Cod TNM baseline receiver input		A-10
A-5. Cape Cod TNM baseline barrier input		A-10
A-6. Cape Cod TNM baseline traffic input		A-10
A-7. Cape Cod TNM baseline building zone input		A-12

1 INTRODUCTION

Massachusetts' Cape Cod National Seashore (Cape Cod) is set to establish the FlexRoute passenger bus shuttle service in the summer of 2006. The FlexRoute bus will fill the Cape transit gap - year-round - between Orleans and Provincetown along Route 6, and in Harwich and Brewster. It will connect with Plymouth and Brockton (P&B) coach service, as well as with the airport and ferry docks in Provincetown. The main goal of the Cape Cod shuttle program is to attract new visitors to the park while providing public transportation options for visitors without automobiles.

Cape Cod, a non-attainment area for ozone, includes national park land, state park land, and private property. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts maintains an air quality monitoring station at Truro. It should be noted that Route 6 is the primary arterial in this area, with a substantial amount of traffic not directly associated with the park.

This study establishes the baseline air and noise emissions for a portion of Route 6 between Orleans and Provincetown on Cape Cod before the implementation of shuttle service. The report consists of an Introduction, a section describing Cape Cod, a section on Air Emissions, a section on Noise Emissions, a Results section, a Conclusions and Recommendations section, and a References section. All input data for the air and noise emissions prediction models are presented in Appendix A, and all outputs for the air emissions prediction model are presented in Appendix B.

2 NATIONAL PARK DESCRIPTION

Cape Cod NATIONAL SEASHORE is located 70 miles south of Boston, Massachusetts. The park features historic landscapes such as Fort Hill and Nauset Light Beach. A sunset scene from the Cape Cod shoreline is presented in Figure 1. A map of the park is presented in Figure 2.



Figure 1. Cove Light at sunset.



Figure 2. Map of Cape Cod National Seashore

3 AIR EMISSION FACTORS

3.1 MOBILE6

MOBILE Version 6.2 (“MOBILE6”) is the latest version of the Environmental Protection Agency’s (EPA) MOBILE-series vehicular emission factor modeling software [EPA]. Typically, states and various local/regional agencies use the model for developing vehicular emissions inventories as a requisite for state implementation plans and conformity analyses.

MOBILE6 was developed through emissions measurements using a Federal Test Procedure (FTP) driving cycle with a length of 7.5 miles and a speed averaged over one cycle of 19.6 miles per hour (mph). The basic emission rates derived from these measurements are modified within the model to account for changes in various scenario parameters.

MOBILE6 predicts emission factors (e.g., g/vehicle-mile) for several pollutants such as several hydrocarbon (HC) categories, including volatile organic compounds (VOC), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), sulfur dioxide (SO₂), and 10-micron particulate matter (PM₁₀). The model takes into account various parameters, including vehicle types, temperature, vehicle speeds, and inspection/maintenance (I/M) programs to generate current emission factors. In addition, future scenarios can also be modeled. A basic schematic of the inputs and outputs to the model are shown in Figure 3.

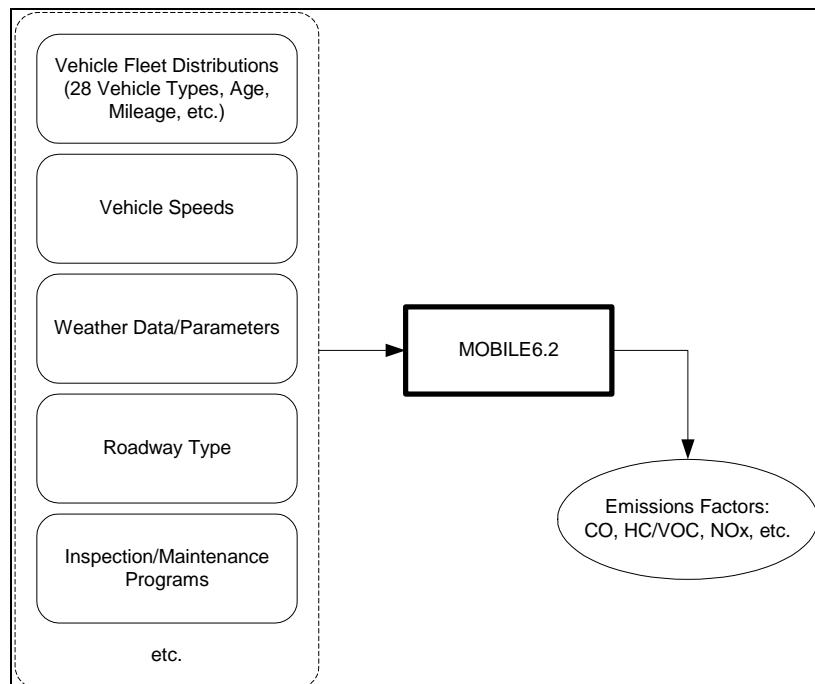


Figure 3. Schematic of the MOBILE6 inputs and outputs

The emission factors from the model are averages for a facility type and provided for up to 28 different vehicle types:

- 1 - LDGV Light-Duty Gasoline Vehicles (Passenger Cars)
- 2 - LDGT1 Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks 1 (0-6,000 lbs. GVWR, 0-3,750 lbs. LVW)
- 3 - LDGT2 Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks 2 (0-6,000 lbs. GVWR, 3,751-5,750 lbs. LVW)
- 4 - LDGT3 Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks 3 (6,001-8,500 lbs. GVWR, 0-5,750 lbs. ALVW)
- 5 - LDGT4 Light-Duty Gasoline Trucks 4 (6,001-8,500 lbs. GVWR, greater than 5,751 lbs. ALVW)
- 6 - HDGV2b Class 2b Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles (8,501-10,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 7 - HDGV3 Class 3 Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles (10,001-14,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 8 - HDGV4 Class 4 Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles (14,001-16,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 9 - HDGV5 Class 5 Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles (16,001-19,500 lbs. GVWR)
- 10 - HDGV6 Class 6 Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles (19,501-26,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 11 - HDGV7 Class 7 Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles (26,001-33,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 12 - HDGV8a Class 8a Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles (33,001-60,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 13 - HDGV8b Class 8b Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles (>60,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 14 - LDDV Light-Duty Diesel Vehicles (Passenger Cars)
- 15 - LDDT12 Light-Duty Diesel Trucks 1and 2 (0-6,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 16 - HDDV2b Class 2b Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles (8,501-10,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 17 - HDDV3 Class 3 Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles (10,001-14,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 18 - HDDV4 Class 4 Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles (14,001-16,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 19 - HDDV5 Class 5 Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles (16,001-19,500 lbs. GVWR)
- 20 - HDDV6 Class 6 Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles (19,501-26,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 21 - HDDV7 Class 7 Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles (26,001-33,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 22 - HDDV8a Class 8a Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles (33,001-60,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 23 - HDDV8b Class 8b Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles (>60,000 lbs. GVWR)
- 24 - MC Motorcycles (Gasoline)
- 25 - HDGB Gasoline Buses (School, Transit and Urban)
- 26 - HDBBT Diesel Transit and Urban Buses
- 27 - HDBBS Diesel School Buses
- 28 - LDDT34 Light-Duty Diesel Trucks 3 and 4 (6,001-8,500 lbs. GVWR)

3.2 Cape Cod National Seashore in MOBILE6.2

The Cape Cod emissions inventory was developed using emission factors modeled by MOBILE6.2. The pollutants modeled for the emissions inventory are VOC, CO, NO_x, SO₂, and PM_{2.5}. There were separate emission factors modeled representing the summer and winter conditions. Both of these seasons were modeled to take into account the difference in meteorological [NRCC] as well as daylight [NAVY] conditions when modeling emission factors. The summer season was modeled using vehicle-type distribution information from Pt. Reyes National Seashore in California [VOLPE]. This distribution was used under the assumption that the Pt. Reyes vehicle distribution is similar to the Cape Cod vehicle distribution during the summer season. For the winter seasons, the national average within MOBILE6.2 was used. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts also operates a vehicle inspection and maintenance program which was taken into account in modeling emission factors [MA].

Emission factors were also modeled for weekday and weekend driving activity. A composite emission factor combining the the weekday and weekend emission factors was derived for the two seasons. The composite emission factor is defined as:

$$C_{EF} = [(WDA_{EF}*5) + (WEND_{EF}*2)]/7 \quad (1)$$

where

C_{EF} represents the composite emission factor,

WDA_{EF} represents the weekday emissions factor, and

$WEND_{EF}$ represents the weekend emissions factor.

4 NOISE EMISSIONS

4.1 TRAFFIC NOISE MODEL

In March 1998, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) released the Traffic Noise Model, Version 1.0 (FHWA TNM®). The current version, Version 2.5, was released in April 2004. TNM is an entirely new, state-of-the-art computer program used for predicting noise impacts in the vicinity of highways. It uses advances in personal computer hardware and software to improve upon the accuracy and ease of modeling highway noise, including the design of effective, cost-efficient highway noise barriers.

The main TNM output consists of L_{Aeq1h} , the A-weighted¹, energy equivalent sound level over a one-hour time period. L_{Aeq1h} has units of A-weighted decibels, or dBA.

TNM contains the following components:

- Modeling of five standard vehicle types, including automobiles, medium trucks, heavy trucks, buses, and motorcycles, as well as user-defined vehicles.
- Modeling of both constant-flow and interrupted-flow traffic using a 1994/1995 field-measured data base.
- Modeling of the effects of different pavement types, as well as the effects of graded roadways.
- Sound level computations based on a one-third octave-band data base and algorithms.
- Graphically-interactive noise barrier design and optimization.
- Attenuation over/through rows of buildings and dense vegetation.
- Multiple diffraction analysis.
- Parallel barrier analysis.
- Contour analysis, including sound level contours, barrier insertion loss contours, and sound-level difference contours.

These components are supported by a scientifically founded and experimentally calibrated acoustic computation methodology, as well as a database made up of over 6,000 individual motor vehicle pass-by events measured at 40 sites across the US.

4.2 Cape Cod National Seashore in TNM

Modeled in TNM 2.5, Cape Cod features a variety of inputs, including roadways (Routes 6 and 6A), 10 location point receivers, a noise barrier², ground zones, building rows, and tree zones. Input data for this analysis are based on historical traffic counts [CACO], recommended roadway speeds [CACO], and US Geological Survey map coordinates

¹ Applying A-weighting to noise data involves adding empirically-derived coefficients to the third-octave bands within the spectral data to adjust for the sensitivity of human hearing.

² The single noise barrier included in the TNM CCNS analysis had no impact on the L_{Aeq1h} noise level results due to its shortness of height and distance from the roadway. It was only included to allow a contour analysis, which requires the presence of at least one TNM noise barrier. The writers of this report are not aware of any actual barriers that exist in the vicinity of CCNS and therefore did not investigate any noise barrier impact predictions.

[USGS]. Since vehicle-type distribution information was not available for Cape Cod, vehicle-type distribution information from Pt. Reyes National Seashore in California [VOLPE] was used under the assumption that the Pt. Reyes vehicle distribution is similar to Cape Cod vehicle distribution information. This assumption is based on the tendency for newer passenger cars to dominate travel in both the park and the highways passing through the park.

In Figure 4, a view of Cape Cod as modeled in TNM is presented. A complete list of TNM inputs for Cape Cod is presented in Appendix A.

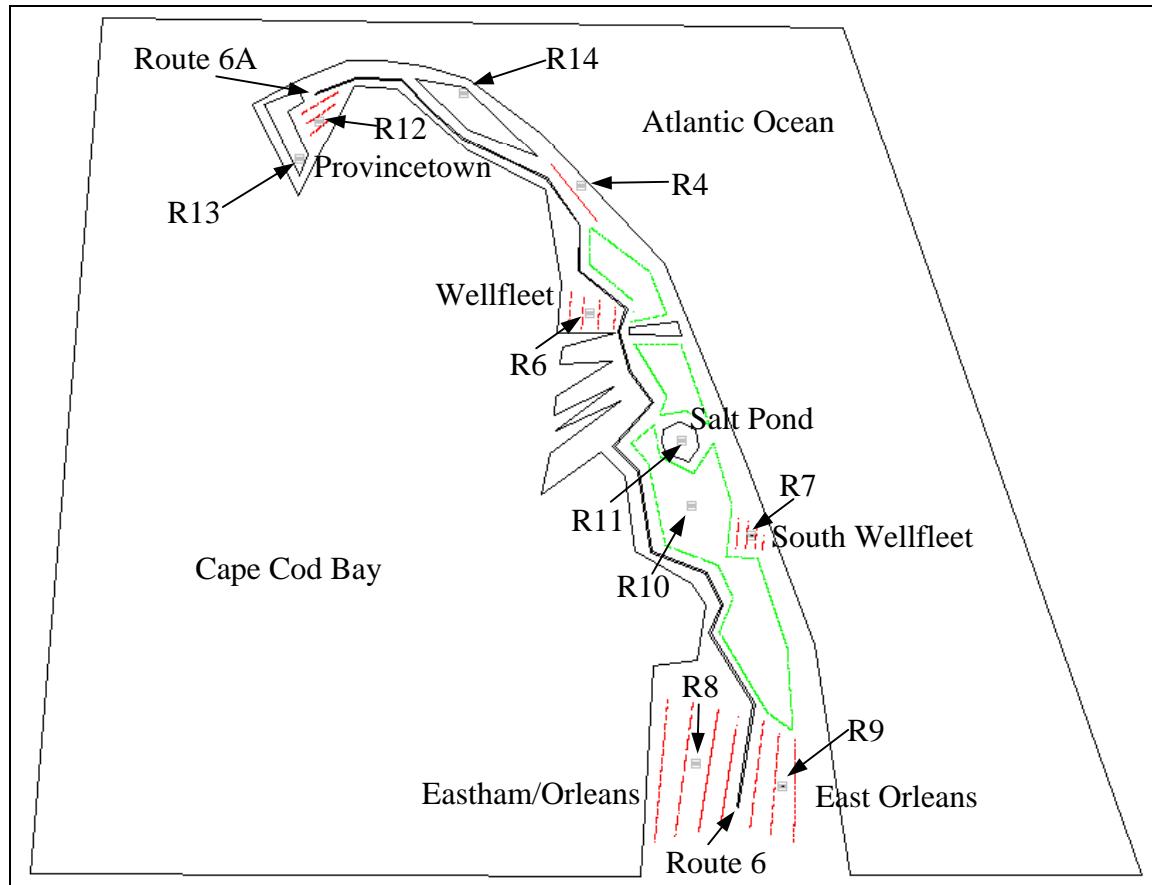


Figure 4. Cape Cod as mapped in TNM

A location point analysis of 10 receiver locations (R4, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, and R14 in Figure 4) was run in TNM, resulting in an L_{Aeq1h} sound level [FHWA] for each receiver location. L_{Aeq1h} , the A-weighted, energy equivalent sound level over a one-hour time period, is defined as:

$$L_{Aeq1h} = EL_i + A_{traff(i)} + A_d + A_s \quad (2)$$

where

EL_i represents the vehicle noise emission level for the i th vehicle type,

$A_{traff(i)}$ represents the adjustment for traffic flow, the vehicle volume and speed for the i th vehicle type,

A_d represents the adjustment for distance between the roadway and receiver and for the length of the roadway, and

A_s represents the adjustment for all shielding and ground effects between the roadway and the receiver.

The L_{Aeq1h} sound levels for the Cape Cod baseline are presented in the Results section below. An L_{Aeq1h} contour analysis of the Cape Cod baseline was also run; a map of this contour analysis is presented in the Results section.

5 RESULTS

The baseline emission factors generated for Cape Cod using MOBILE6.2 are presented in Tables 1 and 2 in Section 5.1. The baseline noise emission levels for Cape Cod using TNM are presented in Figures 5 through 8 in Section 5.2.

5.1 Air Quality Emissions

Results from the MOBILE6.2 emissions analysis are presented below. Results are based on historical traffic counts [CACO], recommended speeds [NPS], and US Geological Survey [USGS] map coordinates. The composite emission factors modeled by mobile for each season are presented in Table 1.

Table 1. MOBILE6.2 Summer and Winter Emission Factors

Speed mph	Summer					Winter				
	CO gram/mi	NOx gram/mi	VOC gram/mi	PM ₁₀ gram/mi	SO ₂ gram/mi	CO gram/mi	NOx gram/mi	VOC gram/mi	PM ₁₀ gram/mi	SO ₂ gram/mi
40	23.4743	1.0209	2.1957	0.032	0.0338	20.6319	2.2671	1.1184	0.0626	0.0688
45	24.122	1.0433	2.1316	0.032	0.0338	21.2529	2.3511	1.0944	0.0626	0.0688
50	24.7774	1.0681	2.279	0.032	0.0338	21.9101	2.4731	1.0724	0.0626	0.0688

The 2004 Emission Inventory for study area is presented in Table 2 in tons per year. The study area along Rt. 6 is defined as from the Orleans Rotary in Eastham to the intersection of Rt. 6 and Conwell Street in Provincetown, spanning a total distance of 25.3 miles.

Table 2. 2004 Emission Inventory

CO tons/year	NOx tons/year	VOC tons/year	PM10 tons/year	SO2 tons/year
4198.2	314.5	306.9	8.8	9.5

5.2 Noise Emissions

Results from a TNM location point receiver analysis and a contour analysis are presented below. All results are in units of L_{Aeq1h}, the A-weighted, energy equivalent sound level over a one-hour time period. Results are based on historical traffic counts, recommended speeds, and US Geological Survey map coordinates.

5.2.1 Location Point Receiver Analysis

The following 10 Cape Cod receiver locations were analyzed in TNM:

R4 = Beach location behind barrier wall

- R6 = Wellfleet
- R7 = South Wellfleet
- R8 = Eastham/Orleans
- R9 = East Orleans
- R10 = Tree Zone
- R11 = Gull Pond
- R12 = Provincetown
- R13 = Beach location at the end of Cape Cod
- R14 = Beach location at Pilgrim Heights

The baseline L_{Aeq1h} results for each receiver are presented in Table 3.

Table 3. Location point receiver analysis results.

Receiver No.	Location Point L_{Aeq1h} (dBA)
R4	36.3
R6	40.6
R7	25.7
R8	36.4
R9	34.2
R10	29.2
R11	31.6
R12	35.6
R13	31.4
R14	36.9

These receiver locations were chosen for their proximity to points of interest for park visitors. Since these noise levels were modeled some distance away from the roadway, they are not particularly high. In fact, it is possible that many of the noise levels from modeled roadway traffic reported for the locations in Table 3 may not be perceptible at those locations due to the park's ambient noise at those locations³. However, as can be seen in the contour maps of Section 5.2.2, noise levels within 50 ft of Route 6 consistently rise as high as 60 dBA.

³ The Volpe Center has collected ambient noise level data for several National Park units, including Badlands, an inland continental US park, and Haleakala, a park situated in the Hawaiian islands. Typical ambient noise levels were in the range of 35 – 45 dBA at Badlands [LEE1] and 35 – 50 dBA at Haleakala [LEE2].

5.2.2 Contour Analysis

In addition to a baseline contour analysis of Cape Cod in its entirety in Figure 5, close-ups of Provincetown, Wellfleet, and Eastham/Orleans analyses are also presented in Figures 6, 7, and 8. All results are in units of L_{Aeq1h} , the A-weighted, energy equivalent sound level over a one-hour time period.

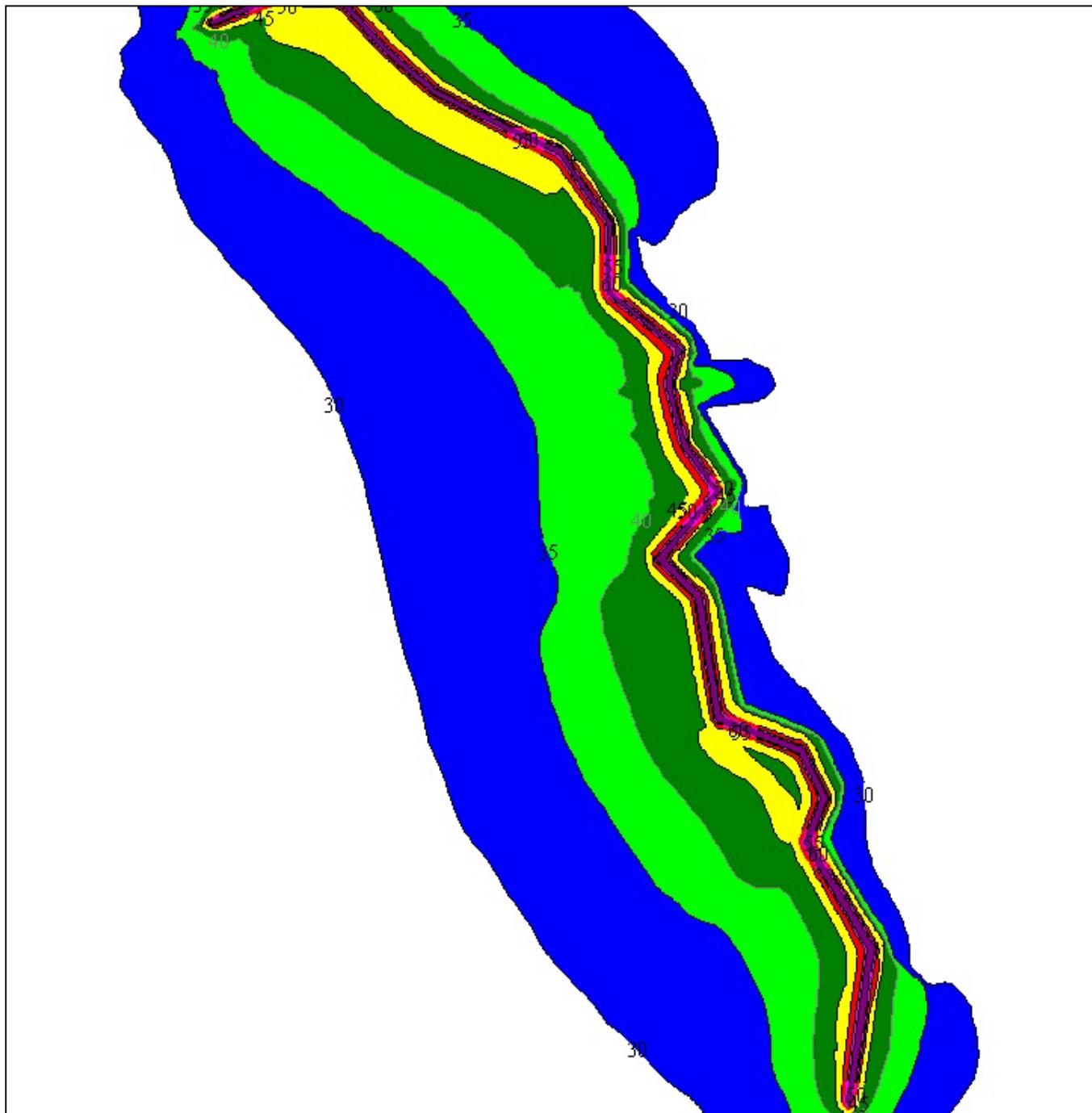


Figure 5. A baseline contour map of Cape Cod, in L_{Aeq1h}

Table 4 shows the surface area of the earth inside each contour⁴, in units of square miles.

Table 4. Surface area inside each contour.

L_{Aeq1h} (dBA)	Area (square miles)
25	249.96
30	127.65
35	66.345
40	34.889
45	16.145
50	6.7556
55	3.8183
60	2.3621
65	0.95854
70	0.19378

Higher sound levels are concentrated inside smaller areas, whereas lower sound levels propagate out over larger areas, particularly over acoustically hard surfaces such as water. The highest sound levels occur in smaller areas on or near the roadway, as depicted in the localized views of the contour map presented in Figures 6, 7, and 8. Again, many of the noise levels from modeled roadway traffic may not be perceptible at locations away from the roadway due to the ambient noise in the park.

⁴ Since the contours were cut off by a TNM processing boundary to save processing time, contours are left open. Using a wider processing boundary would have allowed for contours to enclose definitive areas, but TNM processing time would have increased exponentially.

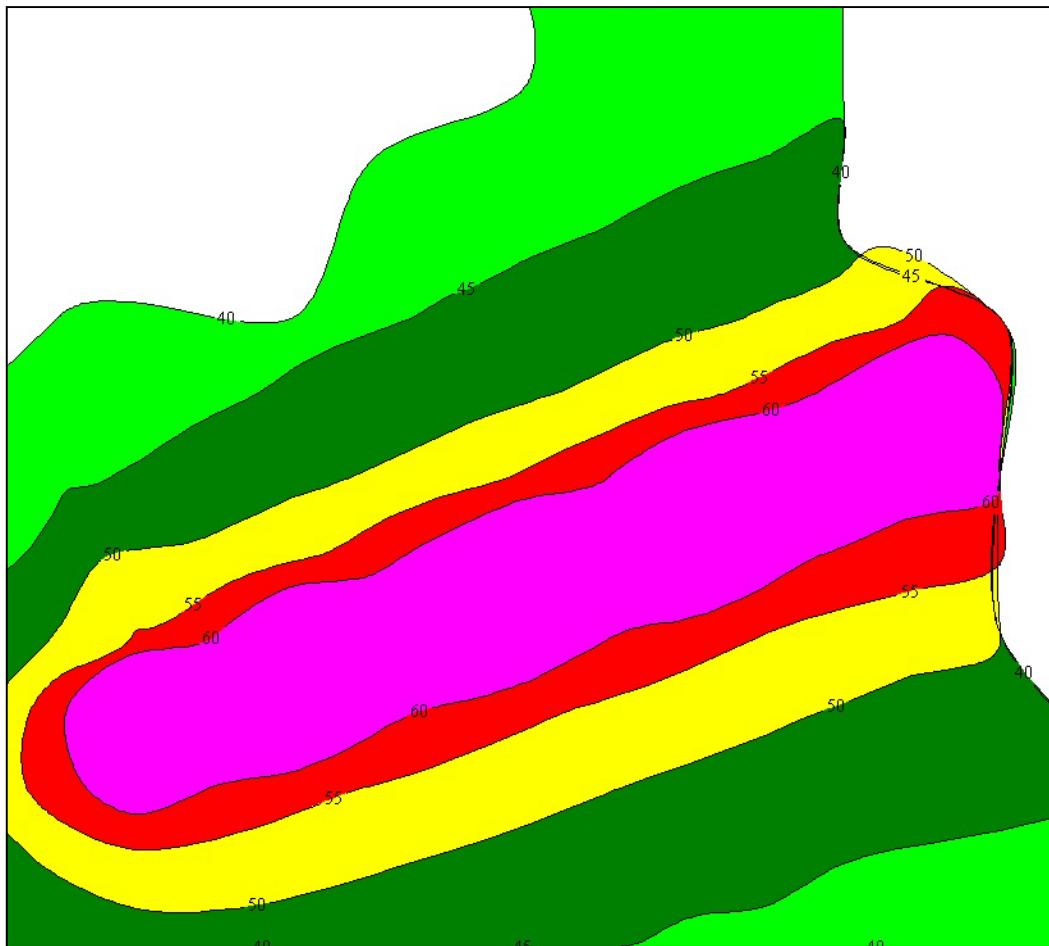


Figure 6. A baseline contour map of Provincetown, in L_{Aeq1h}

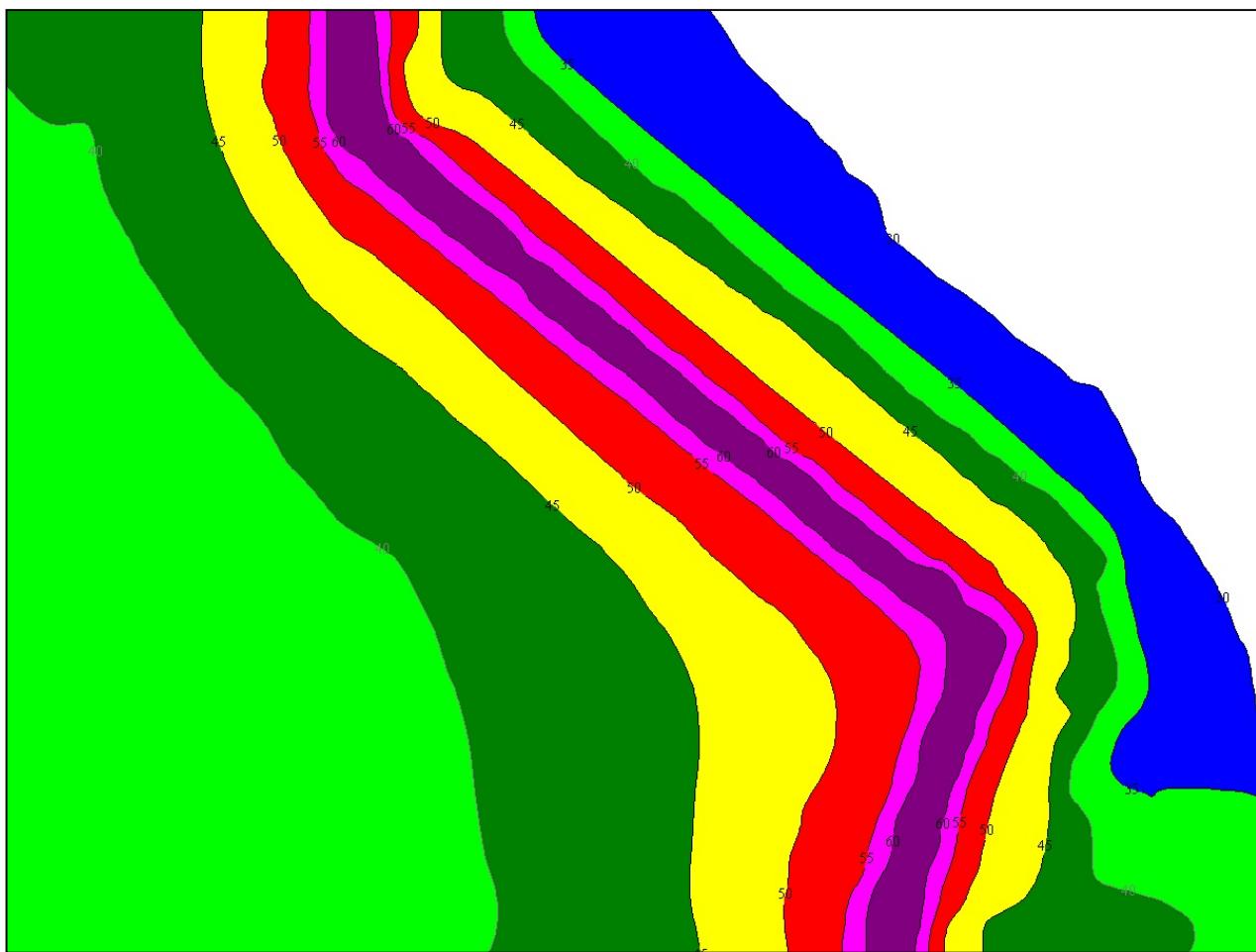


Figure 7. A baseline contour map of Wellfleet, in L_{Aeq,1h}

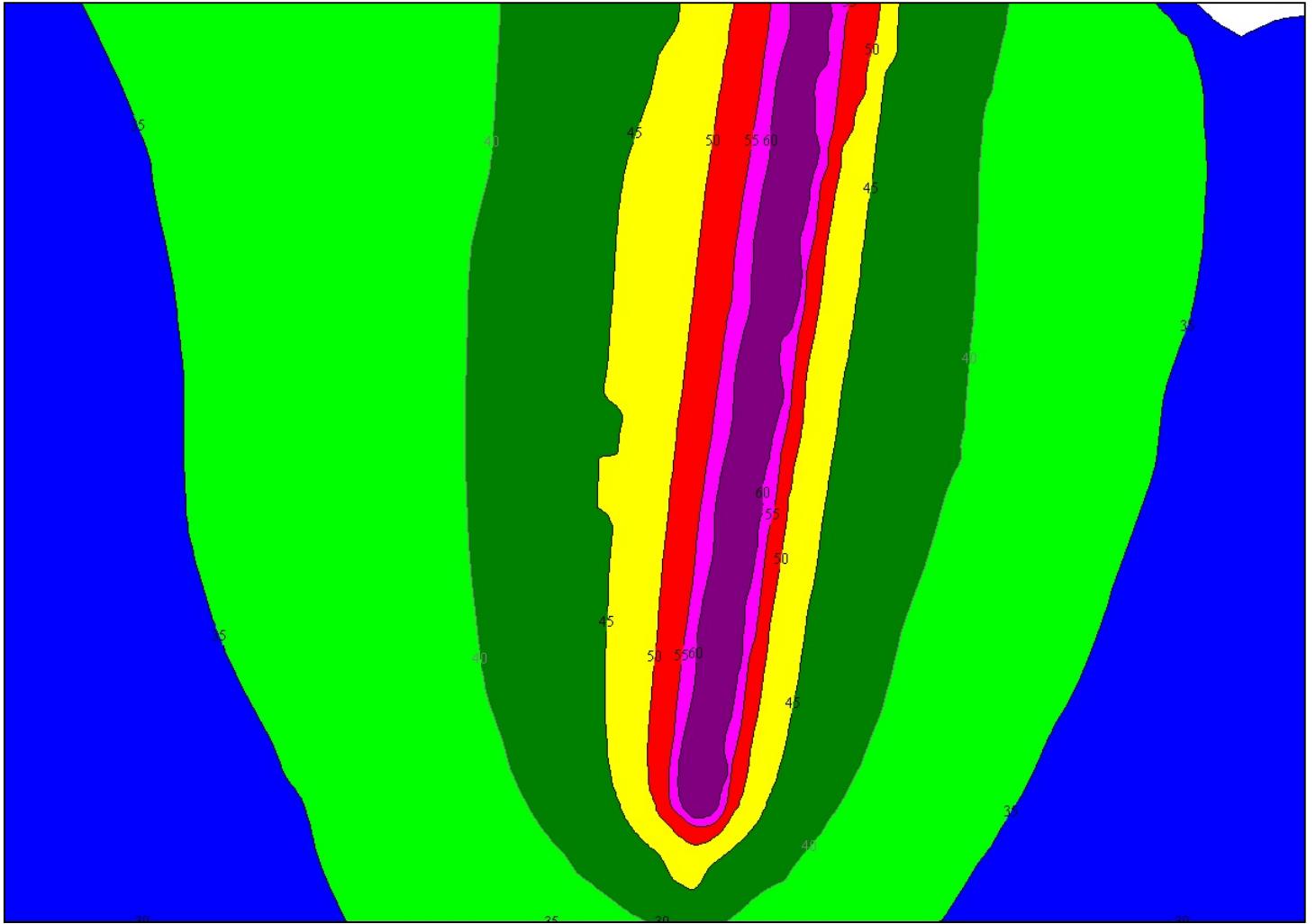


Figure 8. A baseline contour map of Eastham/Orleans, in L_{Aeq1h}

6 CONCLUSIONS AND NEXT STEPS

6.1 Conclusions

AIR

Based on MOBILE6.2 results, vehicles traveling along the Rt. 6 corridor produce annually 4,198.2 tons of CO, 314.5 tons of NOx, 306.9 tons of VOC's, 8.8 tons of PM₁₀, and 9.5 tons of SO₂. Note that passenger vehicles that use gasoline produce a higher amount of CO emissions, while vehicles using diesel fuel emit lower levels of CO compared to vehicles that use gasoline but produce a higher amount of NOx than gasoline-powered vehicles. High amounts of these emissions can lead to health problems.

NOISE

Based on the TNM results in this study, areas close to the highway are hearing noise levels approaching 55 dBA – 60 dBA. However, these levels drop off quickly with increased distance away from the roadway. Residential areas on Cape Cod (Provincetown, Wellfleet, Eastham, and Orleans) are hearing noise levels at around 35 dBA as a result of Routes 6 and 6A, and some areas well off the highway are seeing noise levels at around 30 dBA (South Wellfleet, Salt Pond). After defining what noise levels are compatible with an enjoyable park experience, the NPS may want to consider whether Cape Cod National Seashore is too loud.

6.2 Next Steps

The foregoing report provided a baseline for air and noise emissions produced by all vehicles traveling along the FlexRoute shuttle route. Recommendations for assessing the air and noise impact of the shuttle include the following:

AIR

Given the high traffic volumes on these roads and the difficulties in performing precise traffic counts, the FlexRoute shuttle is not likely to lead to a significant reduction in measured traffic volumes. However, by measuring ridership, and by assessing what these riders would have done had the shuttle not been available, it is possible to estimate a shuttle-caused reduction in vehicle miles traveled. The impact of the shuttle would then be a combination of the following factors:

- Private vehicle miles forgone by riders who parked their vehicles in the area × private vehicle emissions per mile
- Private vehicle miles forgone by rides who reached Cape Cod by public transit × private vehicle emissions per mile
- Emissions produced by the FlexRoute shuttle itself

NOISE

Given the already existing high traffic volumes along most of the shuttle route, the FlexRoute shuttle is not likely to create a significant impact on noise on these roads. However, when the shuttle leaves the main road to enter a parking area, it may have a noticeable noise impact⁵. Therefore, a recommendation is to:

- Identify current noise-sensitive areas where the shuttle itself might have an impact
- Perform noise measurements, both when the shuttle is present and not present, and compare the noise levels

The Cape Cod noise emissions analysis could be improved by using high-refinement, high-resolution data, as would be gathered through a Cape Cod site survey, including actual traffic counts, a geographic location study, and actual vehicle-type information. Furthermore, noise levels generated in TNM could be validated by setting up microphones at location points like those identified in Table 3 and comparing the results.

⁵ What impact the shuttle will have in areas away from the roadway depends upon ambient noise levels in those areas. It would be useful to collect ambient noise level data for the park, particularly along the shuttle route, as part of any future noise modeling and analysis.

7 REFERENCES

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APPENDIX A. INPUT FILES

Presented below are the main MOBILE6.2 and TNM input and external data files for the Cape Cod National Seashore modeling.

A.1 Air Emissions Input (MOBILE6.2)

A.1.1 Cape Cod Summer Weekday Input File

MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 55. 72.
 AVERAGE SPEED : 40.0 Arterial
 PARTICULATE EF : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmddr1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
 PARTICLE SIZE : 10.0
 DIESEL SULFUR : 500.0
 CALENDAR YEAR : 2004

 SCENARIO REC : CACO WEEKDAY SEGMENT 5-7
 EVALUATION MONTH : 7
 FUEL RVP : 11.5
 MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 55. 72.
 AVERAGE SPEED : 45.0 Arterial
 PARTICULATE EF : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmddr1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
 PARTICLE SIZE : 10.0
 DIESEL SULFUR : 500.0
 CALENDAR YEAR : 2004

 SCENARIO REC : CACO WEEKDAY SEGMENT 8-9
 EVALUATION MONTH : 7
 FUEL RVP : 11.5
 MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 55. 72.
 AVERAGE SPEED : 50.0 Arterial
 PARTICULATE EF : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmddr1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
 PARTICLE SIZE : 10.0
 DIESEL SULFUR : 500.0
 CALENDAR YEAR : 2004

END OF RUN

A.1.2 Cape Cod Summer Weekend Input File

MOBILE6 INPUT FILE :

 REPORT FILE : CACO_WEND.TXT
 POLLUTANTS : HC CO NOX CO2
 DATABASE OUTPUT :
 WITH FIELDNAMES :
 DATABASE VEHICLES : 22221 12111211 2 222 22222111 111
 AGGREGATED OUTPUT :
 EMISSIONS TABLE : CACO_WEND.TB1
 PARTICULATES :

 RUN DATA
 NO REFUELING :
 CLOUD COVER : 0.58
 PEAK SUN : 1 3
 SUNRISE/SUNSET : 5 8
 REG DIST : REGDATA2.D

 DIESEL FRACTIONS :
 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.1666 0.0000 0.1667
 0.0000 0.1667 0.0000 0.1667 0.3333
 0.0000 0.3333 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.6667 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.3333 0.3333 0.1667 0.0000 0.1667 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 0.0000
 MILE ACCUM RATE : miledat2.d
 VMT FRACTIONS :

```

0.889 0.049 0.049 0.012 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
0.001 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000

ABSOLUTE HUMIDITY : 75.1
STAGE II REFUELING : 97 3 84. 84.
FUEL PROGRAM : 1
SEASON : 1
I/M PROGRAM : 1 1999 2040 2 T/O IM240
I/M CUTPOINTS : 1 C:\MOBILE\CUTPOINT1.D
I/M STRINGENCY : 1 20.0
I/M MODEL YEARS : 1 1984 2004
I/M VEHICLES : 1 22222 22222222 1
I/M COMPLIANCE : 1 98.0
I/M WAIVER RATES : 1 0.0 1.0
I/M EXEMPTION AGE : 1 21

SCENARIO REC : CACO WEEKEND SEGMENT 1-4
EVALUATION MONTH : 7
FUEL RVP : 11.5
MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 55. 72.
AVERAGE SPEED : 40.0 Arterial
PARTICULATE EF : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmdrl1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
PARTICLE SIZE : 10.0
DIESEL SULFUR : 500.0
CALENDAR YEAR : 2004

SCENARIO REC : CACO WEEKEND SEGMENT 5-7
EVALUATION MONTH : 7
FUEL RVP : 11.5
MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 55. 72.
AVERAGE SPEED : 45.0 Arterial
PARTICULATE EF : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmdrl1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
PARTICLE SIZE : 10.0
DIESEL SULFUR : 500.0
CALENDAR YEAR : 2004

SCENARIO REC : CACO WEEKEND SEGMENT 8-9
EVALUATION MONTH : 7
FUEL RVP : 11.5
MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 55. 72.
AVERAGE SPEED : 50.0 Arterial
PARTICULATE EF : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmdrl1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
PARTICLE SIZE : 10.0
DIESEL SULFUR : 500.0
CALENDAR YEAR : 2004

END OF RUN

```

A.1.3 Cape Cod Winter Weekday Input File

```

MOBILE6 INPUT FILE :

REPORT FILE : CACO_WDA.TXT
POLLUTANTS : HC CO NOX CO2
DATABASE OUTPUT :
WITH FIELDNAMES :
DATABASE VEHICLES : 22221 12111211 2 222 22222111 111
AGGREGATED OUTPUT :
EMISSIONS TABLE : CACO_WDA.TB1
PARTICLES :

RUN DATA
NO REFUELING :
CLOUD COVER : 0.55
PEAK SUN : 11 1
SUNRISE/SUNSET : 7 5
ABSOLUTE HUMIDITY : 30.1
STAGE II REFUELING : 97 3 84. 84.
FUEL PROGRAM : 1
SEASON : 2
I/M PROGRAM : 1 1999 2040 2 T/O IM240
I/M CUTPOINTS : 1 C:\MOBILE\CUTPOINT1.D
I/M STRINGENCY : 1 20.0

```

```

I/M MODEL YEARS      : 1 1984 2004
I/M VEHICLES        : 1 22222 22222222 1
I/M COMPLIANCE       : 1 98.0
I/M WAIVER RATES    : 1 0.0 1.0
I/M EXEMPTION AGE    : 1 21

SCENARIO REC        : CACO WEEKDAY WINTER SEGMENT 1-4
EVALUATION MONTH     : 1
FUEL RVP             : 13.5
MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 31. 46.
AVERAGE SPEED        : 40.0 Arterial
PARTICULATE EP        : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmddr1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
PARTICLE SIZE         : 10.0
DIESEL SULFUR        : 500.0
CALENDAR YEAR        : 2004

SCENARIO REC        : CACO WEEKDAY WINTER SEGMENT 5-7
EVALUATION MONTH     : 1
FUEL RVP             : 13.5
MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 31. 46.
AVERAGE SPEED        : 45.0 Arterial
PARTICULATE EP        : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmddr1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
PARTICLE SIZE         : 10.0
DIESEL SULFUR        : 500.0
CALENDAR YEAR        : 2004

SCENARIO REC        : CACO WEEKDAY WINTER SEGMENT 8-9
EVALUATION MONTH     : 1
FUEL RVP             : 13.5
MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 31. 46.
AVERAGE SPEED        : 50.0 Arterial
PARTICULATE EP        : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmddr1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
PARTICLE SIZE         : 10.0
DIESEL SULFUR        : 500.0
CALENDAR YEAR        : 2004

END OF RUN

```

A.1.4 Cape Cod Winter Weekend Input File

```

MOBILE6 INPUT FILE :
REPORT FILE          : CACO_WEN.TXT
POLLUTANTS           : HC CO NOX CO2
DATABASE OUTPUT       :
WITH FIELDNAMES      :
DATABASE VEHICLES    : 22221 12111211 2 222 22222111 111
AGGREGATED OUTPUT    :
EMISSIONS TABLE      : CACO_WEN.TB1
PARTICULATES         :

RUN DATA
NO REFUELING          :
CLOUD COVER           : 0.55
PEAK SUN              : 11 1
SUNRISE/SUNSET         : 7 5
ABSOLUTE HUMIDITY     : 30.1
STAGE II REFUELING   : 97 3 84. 84.
FUEL PROGRAM          : 1
SEASON                 : 2
I/M PROGRAM            : 1 1999 2040 2 T/O IM240
I/M CUTPOINTS         : 1 C:\MOBILE\CUTPOINT1.D
I/M STRINGENCY        : 1 20.0
I/M MODEL YEARS       : 1 1984 2004
I/M VEHICLES          : 1 22222 22222222 1
I/M COMPLIANCE         : 1 98.0
I/M WAIVER RATES      : 1 0.0 1.0
I/M EXEMPTION AGE      : 1 21

SCENARIO REC          : CACO WEEKEND WINTER SEGMENT 1-4
WE VEN US              :

```

EVALUATION MONTH : 1
 FUEL RVP : 13.5
 MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 31. 46.
 AVERAGE SPEED : 40.0 Arterial
 PARTICULATE EF : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmddr1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
 PARTICLE SIZE : 10.0
 DIESEL SULFUR : 500.0
 CALENDAR YEAR : 2004

 SCENARIO REC : CACO WEEKEND WINTER SEGMENT 5-7
 WE VEH US :
 EVALUATION MONTH : 1
 FUEL RVP : 13.5
 MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 31. 46.
 AVERAGE SPEED : 45.0 Arterial
 PARTICULATE EF : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmddr1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
 PARTICLE SIZE : 10.0
 DIESEL SULFUR : 500.0
 CALENDAR YEAR : 2004

 SCENARIO REC : CACO WEEKEND WINTER SEGMENT 8-9
 WE VEH US :
 EVALUATION MONTH : 1
 FUEL RVP : 13.5
 MIN/MAX TEMPERATURE: 31. 46.
 AVERAGE SPEED : 50.0 Arterial
 PARTICULATE EF : PMGZML.CSV PMGDR1.CSV PMGDR2.CSV PMDZML.CSV Pmddr1.CSV Pmddr2.CSV
 PARTICLE SIZE : 10.0
 DIESEL SULFUR : 500.0
 CALENDAR YEAR : 2004

END OF RUN

A.1.4 Massachusetts Inspection and Maintenance Program Cut Points

I/M CUTPOINTS											
* Block 1 (LDGV, LDGT1)											
0.800	0.800	0.800	0.800	0.800	0.800	0.800	0.800	0.800	0.800	0.800	1.200
1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000
2.000	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200
15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	15.000	20.000
20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	30.000	30.000	30.000	30.000	30.000	30.000	30.000	30.000
30.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000
2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.500
2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000
3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000
* Block 2 (LDGT2, LDGT3)											
1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	2.400
2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200
3.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200
20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	60.000
60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000
80.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000
2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	3.000
3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500
7.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000
* Block 3 (LDGT4)											
2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400
2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200
3.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200
20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	60.000
60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000
80.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000
2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	3.000
3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500
7.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000
* Block 4 (HDGV)											
2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400
2.400	2.400	2.400	2.400	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200	3.200
3.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200	1.200
20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	60.000
60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000	60.000
80.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000
2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	2.500	3.000
3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500
7.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000

A.2 Noise Emissions Input (TNM)

ROADWAYS

Table A-1. Cape Cod TNM baseline roadway input

Roadway Name	Width	Point Name	Point #	X (ft)	Y (ft)	Z (ft)	Pavement Type
Roadway1	12	point1	1	0.0	0.0	18.0	Average
		point12	12	1040.3	6892.0	49.0	Average
		point2	2	2080.7	13784.0	55.0	Average
		point3	3	-3593.7	23033.3	18.0	Average
		point4	4	-2088.0	26876.6	37.0	Average
		point5	5	-4222.6	31140.6	11.0	Average
		point17	17	-11482.4	33932.8	9.0	Average
		point18	18	-13164.5	44599.4	17.0	Average
		point21	21	-16466.3	47800.0	44.0	Average
		point6	6	-11401.5	53625.5	46.0	Average
		point22	22	-14421.2	57780.2	111.0	Average
		point7	7	-15800.3	63083.4	69.0	Average
		point14	14	-14802.1	66122.5	91.0	Average
		point15	15	-21022.1	71130.1	50.0	Average
		point16	16	-21008.1	77122.2	40.0	Average
		point8	8	-25423.5	83442.2	63.0	Average
		point19	19	-30857.9	85875.5	28.0	Average
		point11	11	-36456.3	88636.9	10.0	Average
		point20	20	-40660.4	92218.5	0.0	Average
		point9	9	-44700.3	96620.4	7.0	Average
		point13	13	-50765.8	96798.3	18.0	Average
		point10	10	-56175.0	94679.5	19.0	Average
Roadway3	12	point23	23	-56106.0	94571.5	0.0	Average
		point24	24	-50690.2	96663.4	0.0	Average
		point25	25	-44769.1	96502.9	0.0	Average
		point26	26	-40862.2	92217.5	0.0	Average
		point27	27	-36570.1	88543.9	0.0	Average
		point44	44	-31052.6	85838.1	0.0	Average
		point28	28	-25535.1	83319.6	0.0	Average
		point29	29	-21158.3	77067.4	0.0	Average
		point30	30	-21189.8	71034.0	0.0	Average
		point31	31	-15043.9	66062.5	0.0	Average
		point32	32	-16011.9	63061.4	0.0	Average
		point33	33	-14578.5	57636.0	0.0	Average
		point34	34	-11607.5	53622.8	0.0	Average
		point35	35	-16863.4	47798.3	0.0	Average
		point36	36	-13459.3	44502.0	0.0	Average
		point37	37	-11691.3	33742.8	0.0	Average
		point38	38	-4416.1	30941.4	0.0	Average

Roadway Name	Width	Point Name	Point #	X (ft)	Y (ft)	Z (ft)	Pavement Type
		point39	39	-2380.7	26882.6	0.0	Average
		point40	40	-3993.4	23026.1	0.0	Average
		point41	41	1713.2	13709.5	0.0	Average
		point42	42	747.3	6662.6	0.0	Average
		point43	43	-229.1	67.9	0.0	Average

GROUND ZONES

Table A-2. Cape Cod TNM baseline ground zone input

Ground Zone Name	Type	Flow Resistivity (cgs rayls)	Point #	X (ft)	Y(ft)
Ground Zone 2	Water	20000	6	14681.2	-8994.0
			7	10028.6	21602.4
			8	1005.8	45389.7
			9	-9821.5	71965.8
			10	-26226.5	89355.2
			11	-35905.4	96573.4
			12	-41647.2	98377.9
			13	-47224.9	99034.1
			14	-51818.3	99034.1
			15	-58380.3	96409.3
			20	-60414.5	95359.4
			21	-62448.8	94309.5
			22	-64483.0	93259.5
			24	-58327.8	81008.3
			25	-50860.3	95661.2
			26	-45197.3	95385.6
			27	-36089.2	87235.6
			23	-25504.7	81874.5
			28	-23584.2	69325.7
			29	-24124.5	62846.8
			30	-16413.5	62836.4
			31	-23400.5	60880.4
			55	-23697.4	58720.5
			56	-16866.8	58999.1
			57	-24291.4	54400.8
			58	-24400.9	52053.3
			59	-16632.4	55708.1
			60	-24244.6	49984.4

Ground Zone Name	Type	Flow Resistivity (cgs rayls)	Point #	X (ft)	Y(ft)
			61	-15725.8	53826.7
			62	-25026.1	46977.7
			32	-26073.4	41441.6
			33	-18247.1	47102.4
			34	-15178.3	43904.5
			35	-13749.9	33980.6
			36	-6251.7	29634.3
			37	-4331.3	26764.5
			38	-5527.7	19465.4
			39	-11317.6	18728.3
			40	-12678.1	-3827.5
			41	-13049.5	-9122.9
			16	-93782.8	-8770.8
			17	-84300.3	104611.8
			18	13801.8	103299.4
			19	53279.4	-9088.3
Ground Zone 3	Water	20000	42	-7872.2	51026.9
			43	-9935.4	50089.1
			44	-10123.0	48401.0
			45	-9560.3	46900.4
			46	-6559.2	45775.0
			47	-5246.2	47650.7
			48	-5621.4	50089.1
			49	-7684.6	51026.9
Ground Zone 4	Water	20000	50	-14437.1	63594.0
			51	-8059.7	64344.3
			52	-7497.0	62468.6
			53	-14437.1	62656.2
			54	-14437.1	63406.4
Ground Zone 6	Loose Soil	500	68	-62829.7	93229.8
			69	-58140.5	95105.5
			70	-57577.8	93605.0
			71	-59641.1	92292.0
			72	-57015.1	86477.4
			73	-58140.5	83663.8
			74	-62642.2	93042.3
Ground Zone 7	Loose Soil	500	75	-42829.2	96603.6

Ground Zone Name	Type	Flow Resistivity (cgs rayls)	Point #	X (ft)	Y(ft)
			76	-35873.5	89841.1
			77	-26647.5	86266.6
			78	-36211.6	95396.0
			79	-42780.9	96651.9

TREE ZONES

Table A-3. Cape Cod TNM baseline tree zone input

Tree Zone Name	Average Height (ft)	Point #	Coordinates (ground)		
			X (ft)	Y (ft)	Z (ft)
Tree Zone 2	50	7	7133.3	10137.0	0.0
		8	6383.0	21203.5	0.0
		9	2444.1	33020.4	0.0
		10	-1682.4	33207.9	0.0
		11	-932.1	39960.4	0.0
		12	-3370.5	48213.4	0.0
		13	-5996.5	44274.5	0.0
		14	-10498.1	46525.3	0.0
		15	-11248.4	50651.8	0.0
		16	-14249.5	48213.4	0.0
		17	-11998.7	45587.4	0.0
		18	-9747.9	34708.5	0.0
		19	-2807.8	32082.5	0.0
		20	-744.6	27768.4	0.0
		21	-2620.3	23266.8	0.0
		22	3757.1	12575.4	0.0
Tree Zone 3	50	23	-13874.4	61343.2	0.0
		24	-7684.6	61343.2	0.0
		25	-3933.2	50651.8	0.0
		26	-6934.3	52527.5	0.0
		27	-10498.1	51964.8	0.0
		28	-9560.3	54403.2	0.0
		29	-13686.8	61155.6	0.0
Tree Zone 4	50	30	-19689.0	76723.8	0.0

Tree Zone Name	Average Height (ft)	Point #	Coordinates (ground)		
		31	-19689.0	71847.0	0.0
		32	-13874.4	66970.2	0.0
		33	-14249.5	64344.3	0.0
		34	-9560.3	65282.1	0.0
		35	-11811.1	70909.2	0.0
		36	-19501.4	76723.8	0.0

RECEIVERS

Table A-4. Cape Cod TNM baseline receiver input

Receiver Name	Point #	X (ft)	Y (ft)	Z (ft)	Height Above Ground (ft)	Active in Calculation?
Receiver4	4	-20814.4	82350.9	0.0	4.92	Y
Receiver6	6	-19689.0	65469.7	0.0	4.92	Y
Receiver7	7	1693.8	36021.5	0.0	4.92	Y
Receiver8	8	-5621.4	5822.9	0.0	4.92	Y
Receiver9	9	5820.3	2821.8	0.0	4.92	Y
Receiver10	10	-6184.1	39960.4	0.0	4.92	Y
Receiver11	11	-7497.0	48588.5	0.0	4.92	Y
Receiver12	12	-55514.6	90979.0	0.0	4.92	Y
Receiver13	13	-58140.5	85914.7	0.0	4.92	Y
Receiver14	14	-36382.6	94730.4	0.0	4.92	Y

BARRIER

Table A-5. Cape Cod TNM baseline barrier input

Barrier Name	Barrier Type	Point Name	Point #	X (ft)	Y (ft)	Z (ft)
Barrier4	W*	point14	14	-24,753.3	85,164.4	0.0
		point15	15	-18,563.6	77,474.1	0.0

* W denotes a wall barrier.

TRAFFIC

Table A-6. Cape Cod TNM baseline traffic input

Roadway Name	Point Name	Point #	Autos, Veh./hr	Speed, mph	Med. Trucks, Veh./hr	Speed, mph	Heavy Trucks, Veh./hr	Speed, mph	Motorcycles, Veh./hr	Speed, mph

Roadway Name	Point Name	Point #	Autos, Veh./hr	Speed, mph	Med. Trucks, Veh./hr	Speed, mph	Heavy Trucks, Veh./hr	Speed, mph	Motorcycles, Veh./hr	Speed, mph
Roadway1	point1	1	1287	40	249	40	11	40	2	40
	point12	12	1287	40	249	40	11	40	2	40
	point2	2	1181	40	228	40	10	40	2	40
	point3	3	1263	40	244	40	11	40	2	40
	point4	4	1221	40	236	40	10	40	2	40
	point5	5	978	45	189	45	8	45	1	45
	point17	17	978	45	189	45	8	45	1	45
	point18	18	746	45	144	45	6	45	1	45
	point21	21	746	45	144	45	6	45	1	45
	point6	6	746	45	144	45	6	45	1	45
	point22	22	746	45	144	45	6	45	1	45
	point7	7	630	45	121	45	5	45	1	45
	point14	14	630	45	121	45	5	45	1	45
	point15	15	630	45	121	45	5	45	1	45
	point16	16	630	45	121	45	5	45	1	45
	point8	8	630	50	121	50	5	50	1	50
	point19	19	630	50	121	50	5	50	1	50
	point11	11	630	50	121	50	5	50	1	50
	point20	20	655	50	126	50	5	50	1	50
	point9	9	655	50	126	50	5	50	1	50
	point13	13	655	50	126	50	5	50	1	50
Roadway3	point23	23	661	50	128	50	5	50	1	50
	point24	24	661	50	128	50	5	50	1	50
	point25	25	661	50	128	50	5	50	1	50
	point26	26	661	50	128	50	5	50	1	50
	point27	27	771	50	149	50	6	50	1	50
	point44	44	771	50	149	50	6	50	1	50
	point28	28	771	45	149	45	6	45	1	45
	point29	29	771	45	149	45	6	45	1	45
	point30	30	771	45	149	45	6	45	1	45
	point31	31	959	45	185	45	8	45	1	45
	point32	32	959	45	185	45	8	45	1	45
	point33	33	959	45	185	45	8	45	1	45
	point34	34	959	45	185	45	8	45	1	45
	point35	35	1029	45	199	45	9	45	1	45
	point36	36	1029	45	199	45	9	45	1	45
	point37	37	1029	45	199	45	9	45	1	45
	point38	38	954	40	184	40	8	40	1	40
	point39	39	954	40	184	40	8	40	1	40
	point40	40	1057	40	204	40	9	40	1	40

Roadway Name	Point Name	Point #	Autos, Veh./hr	Speed, mph	Med. Trucks, Veh./hr	Speed, mph	Heavy Trucks, Veh./hr	Speed, mph	Motorcycles, Veh./hr	Speed, mph
	point41	41	1238	40	239	40	11	40	2	40
	point42	42	1361	40	263	40	12	40	2	40

BUILDINGS

Table A-7. Cape Cod TNM baseline building zone input

Building Row Name	Average Height (ft)	Building Percent (%)	Point #	X (ft)	Y (ft)	Z (ft)
Building8	20	25	33	3231.9	11375.5	0.0
			34	1454.4	-2803.5	0.0
Building9	20	25	35	5298.8	9804.6	0.0
			36	4182.7	-3671.6	0.0
Building10	20	25	37	7489.7	8977.8	0.0
			38	7283.0	-5035.8	0.0
Building12	20	25	42	-157.8	12160.9	0.0
			43	-2390.1	-2100.8	0.0
Building13	20	25	44	-2762.1	12863.6	0.0
			45	-5366.4	-3423.6	0.0
Building14	20	25	46	-6110.5	13814.4	0.0
			47	-8508.1	-4209.0	0.0
Building15	20	25	48	-9458.9	14310.5	0.0
			49	-11195.1	-4870.4	0.0
Building18	20	20	58	-16419.2	66292.5	0.0
			59	-16560.9	63221.7	0.0
Building19	20	20	60	-18474.3	67142.9	0.0
			61	-18663.3	63174.4	0.0
Building20	20	20	62	-20482.1	67780.7	0.0
			63	-20883.7	63174.4	0.0
Building21	20	20	64	-22182.9	68560.2	0.0
			65	-22631.7	63127.2	0.0
Building22	15	20	66	-0.9	38353.8	0.0
			67	-429.8	34134.0	0.0
Building23	15	20	68	1234.2	37890.7	0.0
			69	856.8	34099.6	0.0
Building24	15	20	70	2417.8	37650.5	0.0
			71	2074.7	34048.2	0.0
Building25	15	20	72	3292.7	36003.7	0.0
			73	3086.8	33979.6	0.0

Building29	20	25	80	-53097.1	94881.3	0.0
			81	-58045.4	91931.4	0.0
Building30	20	25	82	-53620.5	93168.5	0.0
			83	-57379.3	90599.1	0.0
Building31	20	25	84	-54524.5	90932.2	0.0
			85	-56903.5	89124.2	0.0

APPENDIX B. MODELED OUTPUT

B.1 Air Emissions Output (MOBILE6.2)

B.1.1 Cape Cod Summer Weekday Report File

```
*****
* MOBILE6.2.01 (31-Oct-2002) *
* Input file: CACOWDAY.IN (file 1, run 1). *
*****
M603 Comment:
    User has disabled the calculation of REFUELING emissions.

M617 Comment:
    User supplied alternate AC input: Cloud Cover Fraction set to 0.58.
M619 Comment:
    User supplied alternate AC input: Peak Sun between 1 AM, and 3 PM.
M618 Comment:
    User supplied alternate AC input: Sunrise at 5 AM, Sunset at 8 PM.

* Reading Registration Distributions from the following external
* data file: REGDATA1.D
M614 Comment:
    User supplied diesel sale fractions.

* Reading non-default MILEAGE ACCUMULATION RATES from the following external
* data file: MILEDAT1.D
M615 Comment:
    User supplied VMT mix.
M601 Comment:
    User has enabled STAGE II REFUELING.

M616 Comment:
    User has supplied post-1999 sulfur levels.

* Reading non-default I/M CUTPOINTS from the following external
* data file: C:\MOBILE\CUTPOINT1.D

* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
* CACO WEEKDAY SEGMENT 1-4
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 1.
* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
M583 Warning:
    The user supplied arterial average speed of 40.0
    will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
    has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
    type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
* from the external data file PMGZML.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR1 Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV

* Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
* from the external data file PMDZML.CSV

* Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV

* Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV
*** I/M credits for TechI&2 vehicles were read from the following external
    data file: TECHI2.D
M 48 Warning:
    there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV7
M 48 Warning:
    there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8a
M 48 Warning:
    there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8b
M 48 Warning:
    there are no sales for vehicle class HDBS

* Reading Ammonia (NH3) Basic Emission Rates
* from the external data file PMNH3BER.D

* Reading Ammonia (NH3) Sulfur Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMNH3SDR.D

        Calendar Year: 2004
        Month: July
        Altitude: Low
        Minimum Temperature: 55.0 (F)
        Maximum Temperature: 72.0 (F)
        Absolute Humidity: 75. grains/lb
        Nominal Fuel RVP: 11.5 psi
        Weathered RVP: 11.5 psi
        Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm

        Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
        Evap I/M Program: No
        ATP Program: No
        Reformulated Gas: No

Vehicle Type: LDGV LDGT12 LDGT34 LDGT HDGV LDDV LDDT HDDV MC All Veh
GVWR: ----- <6000 >6000 ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- -----
VMT Distribution: 0.7815 0.1513 0.0086 0.0063 0.0255 0.0210 0.0037 0.0020 0.0020 1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg): 24.0 18.9 14.2 18.6 8.3 32.4 20.5 10.2 50.0 22.6
-----
Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):
    Composite VOC : 1.779 1.938 72.985 5.774 2.055 0.097 2.091 0.348 14.03 2.402
    Composite CO : 18.91 24.00 757.35 63.59 23.36 1.539 6.785 0.885 21.16 25.322
    Composite NOX : 0.860 0.993 20.469 2.044 5.222 0.182 1.352 5.552 2.02 1.090
    Composite CO2 : 354.1 448.9 -17.8 423.7 991.6 310.6 477.5 991.2 104.9 372.56
-----
* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
* CACO WEEKDAY SEGMENT 5-7
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 2.
* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
M583 Warning:
    The user supplied arterial average speed of 45.0
    will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
    has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
    type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.
```

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
 * from the external data file PMGZML.CSV
 * Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
 * from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV
 * Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
 * from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV
 * Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
 * from the external data file PMDZML.CSV
 * Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
 * from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV
 * Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
 * from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV
 M 48 Warning: there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV7
 M 48 Warning: there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8a
 M 48 Warning: there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8b
 M 48 Warning: there are no sales for vehicle class HDDBS
 Calendar Year: 2004
 Month: July
 Altitude: Low
 Minimum Temperature: 55.0 (F)
 Maximum Temperature: 72.0 (F)
 Absolute Humidity: 75. grains/lb
 Nominal Fuel RVP: 11.5 psi
 Weathered RVP: 11.5 psi
 Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm
 Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
 Evap I/M Program: No
 ATP Program: No
 Reformulated Gas: No

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.7815	0.1513	0.0086		0.0063	0.0255	0.0210	0.0037	0.0020	1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.9	14.2	18.6	8.3	32.4	20.5	10.2	50.0	22.6

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):											
Composite VOC :	1.706	1.897	72.987	5.735	1.902	0.095	2.077	0.318	13.87	2.337	
Composite CO :	19.61	24.70	757.50	64.27	22.84	1.517	6.768	0.839	20.26	25.972	
Composite NOX :	0.881	1.015	20.491	2.067	5.418	0.192	1.396	5.906	2.04	1.113	
Composite CO2 :	354.1	448.9	-17.8	423.7	991.6	310.6	477.5	991.2	104.9	372.56	

* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
 * CACO WEEKDAY SEGMENT 8-9
 * File 1, Run 1, Scenario 3.
 * # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
 M583 Warning:
 The user supplied arterial average speed of 50.0
 will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
 has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
 type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
 * from the external data file PMGZML.CSV
 * Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
 * from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV
 * Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
 * from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV
 * Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
 * from the external data file PMDZML.CSV
 * Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
 * from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV
 * Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
 * from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV
 M 48 Warning: there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV7
 M 48 Warning: there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8a
 M 48 Warning: there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8b
 M 48 Warning: there are no sales for vehicle class HDDBS
 Calendar Year: 2004
 Month: July
 Altitude: Low
 Minimum Temperature: 55.0 (F)
 Maximum Temperature: 72.0 (F)
 Absolute Humidity: 75. grains/lb
 Nominal Fuel RVP: 11.5 psi
 Weathered RVP: 11.5 psi
 Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm
 Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
 Evap I/M Program: No
 ATP Program: No
 Reformulated Gas: No

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.7815	0.1513	0.0086		0.0063	0.0255	0.0210	0.0037	0.0020	1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.9	14.2	18.6	8.3	32.4	20.5	10.2	50.0	22.6

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):											
Composite VOC :	1.641	1.853	72.990	5.694	1.790	0.093	2.067	0.298	13.81	2.279	
Composite CO :	20.31	25.41	757.65	64.95	23.59	1.514	6.765	0.833	19.89	26.632	
Composite NOX :	0.901	1.038	20.512	2.089	5.613	0.209	1.471	6.509	2.12	1.139	
Composite CO2 :	354.1	448.9	-17.8	423.7	991.6	310.6	477.5	991.2	104.9	372.56	

B.1.2 Cape Cod Summer Weekday PM10 and SO₂ Report File

 * MOBILE6.2.01 (31-Oct-2002) *
 * Input file: CACOWDAY.IN (file 1, run 1). *

B.1.3 Cape Cod Summer Weekend Report File

```
*****
* MOBILE6.2.01 (31-Oct-2002) *
* Input file: CACOWEND.IN (file 1, run 1). *
*****  
M603 Comment:  
          User has disabled the calculation of REFUELING emissions.  
  
M617 Comment:  
          User supplied alternate AC input: Cloud Cover Fraction set to 0  
M619 Comment:  
          User supplied alternate AC input: Peak Sun between 1 AM, and  
M618 Comment:  
          User supplied alternate AC input: Sunrise at 5 AM, Sunset at  
  
* Reading Registration Distributions from the following external  
* data file: REGDATA2.D  
M614 Comment:  
          User supplied diesel sale fractions.  
  
* Reading non-default MILEAGE ACCUMULATION RATES from the following external  
* data file: MILEDAT2.D  
M615 Comment:  
          User supplied VMT mix.  
M601 Comment:  
          User has enabled STAGE II REFUELING.  
  
M616 Comment:
```

User has supplied post-1999 sulfur levels.

* Reading non-default I/M CUTPOINTS from the following external
* data file: C:\MOBILECUTPOINT1.D

* #
* CACO WEEKEND SEGMENT 1-4
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 1.
* #
M583 Warning:
The user supplied arterial average speed of 40.0
will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
* from the external data file PMGZML.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV

* Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
* from the external data file PMDZML.CSV

* Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV

* Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV
*** I/M credits for Tech1&2 vehicles were read from the following external
data file: TECH12.D
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDGV5
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV2b
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV3
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV4
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV6
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV7
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8a
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8b
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDBS
* Reading Ammonia (NH3) Basis Emission Rates
* from the external data file PMNH3BER.D

* Reading Ammonia (NH3) Sulfur Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMNH3SDR.D

Calendar Year:	2004
Month:	July
Altitude:	Low
Minimum Temperature:	55.0 (F)
Maximum Temperature:	72.0 (F)
Absolute Humidity:	.75, grains/lb
Nominal Fuel RVP:	11.5 psi
Weathered RVP:	11.5 psi
Fuel Sulfur Content:	121. ppm

Exhaust I/M Program:	Yes
Evap I/M Program:	No
ATP Program:	No
Reformulated Gas:	No

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
GVWR:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
VMT Distribution:	0.8645	0.0918	0.0068	-----	0.0000	0.0245	0.0113	0.0010	0.0000	1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.9	14.5	18.5	0.0	32.4	19.4	9.2	0.0	23.3

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Composite VOC :	1.625	1.886	13.624	2.700	0.000	0.081	0.483	0.649	0.00	1.680
Composite CO :	18.08	21.97	170.25	32.26	0.00	0.837	1.375	1.633	0.00	18.855
Composite NOX :	0.818	0.956	4.544	1.204	0.000	0.182	0.948	6.614	0.00	0.848
Composite CO2 :	355.3	451.3	471.0	452.7	0.0	311.8	518.6	1096.3	0.0	366.45

* #
* CACO WEEKEND SEGMENT 5-7
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 2.
* #
M583 Warning:
The user supplied arterial average speed of 45.0
will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
* from the external data file PMGZML.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV

* Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
* from the external data file PMDZML.CSV

* Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV

* Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDGV5
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV2b
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV3
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV4
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV6
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV7
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8a
M 48 Warning:

there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8b
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDBS

Calendar Year: 2004
Month: July
Altitude: Low
Minimum Temperature: 55.0 (F)
Maximum Temperature: 72.0 (F)
Absolute Humidity: 75. grains/lb
Nominal Fuel RVP: 11.5 psi
Weathered RVP: 11.5 psi
Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm

Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
Evap I/M Program: No
ATP Program: No
Reformulated Gas: No

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.8645	0.0918	0.0068		0.0000	0.0245	0.0113	0.0010	0.0000	1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.9	14.5	18.5	0.0	32.4	19.4	9.2	0.0	23.3

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):											
Composite VOC :	1.560	1.842	13.558	2.655	0.000	0.078	0.464	0.594	0.00	1.618	
Composite CO :	18.75	22.67	170.56	32.93	0.00	0.815	1.354	1.549	0.00	19.497	
Composite NOX :	0.839	0.978	4.567	1.227	0.000	0.192	1.004	7.036	0.00	0.869	
Composite CO2 :	355.3	451.3	471.0	452.7	0.0	311.8	518.6	1096.3	0.0	366.45	

* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
* CACO WEEKEND SEGMENT 8-9
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 3.
* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
M583 Warning:
The user supplied arterial average speed of 50.0
will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
* from the external data file PMGZML.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV

* Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels

* from the external data file PMDZML.CSV

* Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV

* Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV

M 48 Warning:

there are no sales for vehicle class HDGV5
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV2b
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV3
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV4
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV6
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV7
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8a
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDV8b
M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDDBS

Calendar Year: 2004

Month: July
Altitude: Low
Minimum Temperature: 55.0 (F)
Maximum Temperature: 72.0 (F)
Absolute Humidity: 75. grains/lb
Nominal Fuel RVP: 11.5 psi
Weathered RVP: 11.5 psi
Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm

Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
Evap I/M Program: No
ATP Program: No
Reformulated Gas: No

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.8645	0.0918	0.0068		0.0000	0.0245	0.0113	0.0010	0.0000	1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.9	14.5	18.5	0.0	32.4	19.4	9.2	0.0	23.3

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):											
Composite VOC :	1.502	1.796	13.488	2.607	0.000	0.077	0.451	0.557	0.00	1.563	
Composite CO :	19.42	23.36	170.86	33.59	0.00	0.812	1.351	1.537	0.00	20.141	
Composite NOX :	0.859	1.001	4.591	1.250	0.000	0.209	1.098	7.754	0.00	0.891	
Composite CO2 :	355.3	451.3	471.0	452.7	0.0	311.8	518.6	1096.3	0.0	366.45	

B.1.4 Cape Cod Summer Weekend PM10 and SO₂ Report File

* MOBILE6.2.01 (31-Oct-2002) *
* Input file: CACOWEND.IN (file 1, run 1). *

* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
* CACO WEEKEND SEGMENT 1-4
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 1.
* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #

Calendar Year: 2004
Month: July
Gasoline Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm
Diesel Fuel Sulfur Content: 500. ppm
Particle Size Cutoff: 10.00 Microns
Reformulated Gas: No

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.8645	0.0918	0.0068	-----	0.0000	0.0245	0.0113	0.0010	0.0000	1.0000
Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):										
Lead:	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-----	-----	-----	0.0000	0.0000
GASPM:	0.0043	0.0048	0.0042	0.0047	0.0000	-----	-----	-----	0.0205	0.0042
ECARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0740	0.0458	0.2833	-----	0.0026
OCARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0209	0.0659	0.2949	-----	0.0016
SO4:	0.0013	0.0022	0.0023	0.0022	0.0000	0.0051	0.0085	0.0240	0.0000	0.0016
Total Exhaust PM:	0.0056	0.0070	0.0065	0.0069	0.0000	0.1000	0.1202	0.6022	0.0205	0.0100
Brake:	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0000	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0000	0.0125
Tire:	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0000	0.0080	0.0080	0.0120	0.0000	0.0080
Total PM:	0.0262	0.0275	0.0271	0.0275	0.0000	0.1206	0.1408	0.6268	0.0205	0.0305
SO2:	0.0275	0.0347	0.0453	0.0355	0.0000	0.0981	0.1634	0.3432	0.0000	0.0319
NH3:	0.1013	0.1003	0.1008	0.1003	0.0000	0.0068	0.0068	0.0270	0.0000	0.0978
* #										
* CACO WEEKEND SEGMENT 5-7										
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 2.										
* #										
Calendar Year: 2004										
Month: July										
Gasoline Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm										
Diesel Fuel Sulfur Content: 500. ppm										
Particle Size Cutoff: 10.00 Microns										
Reformulated Gas: No										
Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.8645	0.0918	0.0068	-----	0.0000	0.0245	0.0113	0.0010	0.0000	1.0000
Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):										
Lead:	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-----	-----	-----	0.0000	0.0000
GASPM:	0.0043	0.0048	0.0042	0.0047	0.0000	-----	-----	-----	0.0205	0.0042
ECARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0740	0.0458	0.2833	-----	0.0026
OCARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0209	0.0659	0.2949	-----	0.0016
SO4:	0.0013	0.0022	0.0023	0.0022	0.0000	0.0051	0.0085	0.0240	0.0000	0.0016
Total Exhaust PM:	0.0056	0.0070	0.0065	0.0069	0.0000	0.1000	0.1202	0.6022	0.0205	0.0100
Brake:	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0000	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0000	0.0125
Tire:	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0000	0.0080	0.0080	0.0120	0.0000	0.0080
Total PM:	0.0262	0.0275	0.0271	0.0275	0.0000	0.1206	0.1408	0.6268	0.0205	0.0305
SO2:	0.0275	0.0347	0.0453	0.0355	0.0000	0.0981	0.1634	0.3432	0.0000	0.0319
NH3:	0.1013	0.1003	0.1008	0.1003	0.0000	0.0068	0.0068	0.0270	0.0000	0.0978
* #										
* CACO WEEKEND SEGMENT 8-9										
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 3.										
* #										
Calendar Year: 2004										
Month: July										
Gasoline Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm										
Diesel Fuel Sulfur Content: 500. ppm										
Particle Size Cutoff: 10.00 Microns										
Reformulated Gas: No										
Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.8645	0.0918	0.0068	-----	0.0000	0.0245	0.0113	0.0010	0.0000	1.0000
Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):										
Lead:	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-----	-----	-----	0.0000	0.0000
GASPM:	0.0043	0.0048	0.0042	0.0047	0.0000	-----	-----	-----	0.0205	0.0042
ECARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0740	0.0458	0.2833	-----	0.0026
OCARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0209	0.0659	0.2949	-----	0.0016
SO4:	0.0013	0.0022	0.0023	0.0022	0.0000	0.0051	0.0085	0.0240	0.0000	0.0016
Total Exhaust PM:	0.0056	0.0070	0.0065	0.0069	0.0000	0.1000	0.1202	0.6022	0.0205	0.0100
Brake:	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0000	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0000	0.0125
Tire:	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0000	0.0080	0.0080	0.0120	0.0000	0.0080
Total PM:	0.0262	0.0275	0.0271	0.0275	0.0000	0.1206	0.1408	0.6268	0.0205	0.0305
SO2:	0.0275	0.0347	0.0453	0.0355	0.0000	0.0981	0.1634	0.3432	0.0000	0.0319
NH3:	0.1013	0.1003	0.1008	0.1003	0.0000	0.0068	0.0068	0.0270	0.0000	0.0978

B.1.5 Cape Cod Winter Weekday Report File

```
*****
* MOBILE6.2.01 (31-Oct-2002)                                *
* Input file: CACONDAY.IN (file 1, run 1).                      *
*****  
M603 Comment:  
          User has disabled the calculation of REFUELING emissions.  
  
M617 Comment:  
          User supplied alternate AC input: Cloud Cover Fraction set to 0.55.  
M619 Comment:  
          User supplied alternate AC input: Peak Sun between 11 AM, and 1 PM.  
M618 Comment:  
          User supplied alternate AC input: Sunrise at 7 AM, Sunset at 5 PM.  
M601 Comment:  
          User has enabled STAGE II REFUELING.  
  
M616 Comment:  
          User has supplied post-1999 sulfur levels.  
  
* Reading non-default I/M CUTPOINTs from the following external  
* data file: C:\MOBILE\CUTPOINT1.D  
  
* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #  
* CACO WEEKDAY WINTER SEGMENT 1-4  
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 1.  
* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #  
M583 Warning:  
          The user supplied arterial average speed of 40.0  
          will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT  
          has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway  
          type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.  
  
* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels  
* from the external data file PMGZML.CSV  
  
* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR1 Levels  
* from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV  
  
* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels  
* from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV
```

* Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
 * from the external data file PMDZML.CSV
 * Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
 * from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV
 * Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
 * from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV
 *** I/M credits for Tech1&2 vehicles were read from the following external
 data file: TECH12.D
 M 48 Warning:
 there are no sales for vehicle class HDGV8b

* Reading Ammonia (NH3) Basic Emission Rates
 * from the external data file PMNH3BER.D
 * Reading Ammonia (NH3) Sulfur Deterioration Rates
 * from the external data file PMNH3SDR.D

Calendar Year:	2004
Month:	Jan.
Altitude:	Low
Minimum Temperature:	31.0 (F)
Maximum Temperature:	46.0 (F)
Absolute Humidity:	30. grains/lb
Nominal Fuel RVP:	13.5 psi
Weathered RVP:	13.5 psi
Fuel Sulfur Content:	121. ppm

Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
 Evap I/M Program: No
 ATP Program: No
 Reformulated Gas: No

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12	LDGT34	LDGT	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
GVWR:	<6000	>6000	(All)							
VMT Distribution:	0.4358	0.3253	0.1110		0.0358	0.0006	0.0018	0.0839	0.0058	1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.7	14.4	17.4	9.5	29.5	17.6	7.1	50.0	16.9

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):										
Composite VOC :	1.026	1.249	2.106	1.467	1.028	0.528	0.869	0.476	1.61	1.175
Composite CO :	20.31	26.17	32.57	27.80	13.03	1.350	1.440	2.284	10.85	21.703
Composite NOX :	1.137	1.470	1.979	1.599	5.017	1.244	1.394	10.745	1.78	2.288
Composite CO2 :	355.3	453.8	585.9	487.4	896.2	340.0	569.9	1424.4	145.6	521.21

* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
 * CACO WEEKDAY WINTER SEGMENT 5-7
 * File 1, Run 1, Scenario 2.
 * # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
 M583 Warning:
 The user supplied arterial average speed of 45.0
 will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
 has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
 type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
 * from the external data file PMGZML.CSV
 * Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
 * from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV
 * Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
 * from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV
 * Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
 * from the external data file PMDZML.CSV
 * Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
 * from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV
 * Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
 * from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV
 M 48 Warning:
 there are no sales for vehicle class HDGV8b

Calendar Year:	2004
Month:	Jan.
Altitude:	Low
Minimum Temperature:	31.0 (F)
Maximum Temperature:	46.0 (F)
Absolute Humidity:	30. grains/lb
Nominal Fuel RVP:	13.5 psi
Weathered RVP:	13.5 psi
Fuel Sulfur Content:	121. ppm

Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
 Evap I/M Program: No
 ATP Program: No
 Reformulated Gas: No

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12	LDGT34	LDGT	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
GVWR:	<6000	>6000	(All)							
VMT Distribution:	0.4358	0.3253	0.1110		0.0358	0.0006	0.0018	0.0839	0.0058	1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.7	14.4	17.4	9.5	29.5	17.6	7.1	50.0	16.9

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):										
Composite VOC :	1.010	1.230	2.071	1.444	0.946	0.505	0.832	0.436	1.56	1.151
Composite CO :	20.99	26.95	33.42	28.60	12.74	1.320	1.409	2.166	10.19	22.324
Composite NOX :	1.163	1.499	2.008	1.628	5.204	1.318	1.477	11.373	1.82	2.372
Composite CO2 :	355.3	453.8	585.9	487.4	896.2	340.0	569.9	1424.4	145.6	521.21

* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
 * CACO WEEKDAY WINTER SEGMENT 8-9
 * File 1, Run 1, Scenario 3.
 * # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
 M583 Warning:
 The user supplied arterial average speed of 50.0
 will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
 has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
 type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
 * from the external data file PMGZML.CSV
 * Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
 * from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV
 * Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
 * from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV
 * Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
 * from the external data file PMDZML.CSV
 * Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates

* from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV
* Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV
M 48 Warning: there are no sales for vehicle class HDGV8

There are no sales for vehicle class LDGVs										
Calendar Year:	2004	Month:	Jan.	Altitude:	Low	Absolute Humidity:	30. grains/lb	LDGV	LDVV	LDDT
Minimum Temperature:	31.0 (F)	Maximum Temperature:	46.0 (F)	Nominal Fuel RVP:	13.5 psi	Weathered RVP:	13.5 psi	HDDV	MC	All Veh
Fuel Sulfur Content:	121. ppm	Exhaust I/M Program:	Yes	Evap I/M Program:	No	ATP Program:	No			
Reformulated Gas:	No	Vehicle Type:	LDGV <6000 GVWR:	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDVV	LDDT	HDDV
VMT Distribution:	0.4358	0.3253	0.1110	-----	-----	0.0358	0.0006	0.0018	0.0839	0.0058
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.7	14.4	17.4	9.5	29.5	17.6	7.1	50.0	16.9
<hr/>										
Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):										
Composite VOC :	0.993	1.210	2.035	1.420	0.889	0.489	0.806	0.408	1.54	1.129
Composite CO :	21.67	27.73	34.27	29.40	13.16	1.315	1.405	2.149	9.92	22.981
Composite NOX :	1.189	1.528	2.036	1.657	5.392	1.445	1.620	12.445	1.92	2.494
Composite CO2 :	355.3	453.8	585.9	487.4	896.2	340.0	569.9	1424.4	145.6	521.21

B.1.6 Cape Cod Winter Weekday PM10 and SO₂ Report File

Vehicle Emissions Data										
General Information										
Calendar Year: 2004 Month: Jan.										
Gasoline Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm Diesel Fuel Sulfur Content: 500. ppm Particle Size Cutoff: 10.00 Microns Reformulated Gas: No										
Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 GVWR:	LDGT34 <6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.4358	0.3253	0.1110		0.0358	0.0006	0.0018	0.0839	0.0058	1.0000
Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):										
Lead:	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-----	-----	-----	0.0000	0.0000
GASPM:	0.0043	0.0048	0.0062	0.0052	0.0686	-----	-----	-----	0.0205	0.0067

ECARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.1739	0.0736	0.2322	-----	0.0197
OCARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0490	0.1059	0.1161	-----	0.0100
SO4:	0.0012	0.0019	0.0022	0.0020	0.0042	0.0056	0.0094	0.0312	0.0004
Total Exhaust PM:	0.0055	0.0068	0.0084	0.0072	0.0729	0.2286	0.1889	0.3794	0.0208
Brake:	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125
Tire:	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0040
Total PM:	0.0260	0.0273	0.0290	0.0277	0.0942	0.2491	0.2095	0.4180	0.0374
SO2:	0.0275	0.0351	0.0459	0.0379	0.0692	0.1078	0.1801	0.4454	0.0133
NH3:	0.1013	0.1000	0.0962	0.0990	0.0451	0.0068	0.0270	0.0113	0.0913

B.1.7 Cape Cod Winter Weekend Report File

```
*****
* MOBILE6.2.01 (31-Oct-2002)
* Input file: CACOWEND.IN (file 1, run 1).
*****
M603 Comment:
    User has disabled the calculation of REFUELING emissions.

M617 Comment:
    User supplied alternate AC input: Cloud Cover Fraction set to 0.55.

M619 Comment:
    User supplied alternate AC input: Peak Sun between 11 AM, and 1 PM.

M618 Comment:
    User supplied alternate AC input: Sunrise at 7 AM, Sunset at 5 PM.

M601 Comment:
    User has enabled STAGE II REFUELING.

M616 Comment:
    User has supplied post-1999 sulfur levels.

* Reading non-default I/M CUTPOINTS from the following external
* data file: C:\MOBILE\CUTPOINT1.D

* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
* CACO WEEKEND WINTER SEGMENT 1-4
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 1.
* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #

M583 Warning:
    The user supplied arterial average speed of 40.0
    will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
    has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
    type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
* from the external data file PMGZML.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV

* Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
* from the external data file PMDZML.CSV

* Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV

* Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV
*** I/M credits for Tech1&2 vehicles were read from the following external
* data file: TECH12.D
M 48 Warning:
    there are no sales for vehicle class HDGV8b

* Reading Ammonia (NH3) Basic Emission Rates
* from the external data file PMNH3BER.D

* Reading Ammonia (NH3) Sulfur Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMNH3SDR.D

        Calendar Year: 2004
        Month: Jan.
        Altitude: Low
        Minimum Temperature: 31.0 (F)
        Maximum Temperature: 46.0 (F)
        Absolute Humidity: 30. grains/lb
        Nominal Fuel RVP: 13.5 psi
        Weathered RVP: 13.5 psi
        Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm

        Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
        Evap I/M Program: No
        ATP Program: No
        Reformulated Gas: No

Emissions determined from WEEKEND hourly vehicle activity fractions.

        Vehicle Type: LDGV LDGT12 LDGT34 LDGT HDGV LDDV LDDT HDDV MC All Veh
        GVWR: <6000 >6000 (All)
        VMT Distribution: 0.4358 0.3253 0.1110 0.0358 0.0006 0.0018 0.0839 0.0058 1.0000
        Fuel Economy (mpg): 24.0 18.7 14.4 17.4 9.5 29.5 17.6 7.1 50.0 16.9

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):
    Composite VOC : 0.861 1.005 1.690 1.179 1.029 0.459 0.735 0.476 1.57 0.977
    Composite CO : 17.06 21.15 26.31 22.46 13.03 1.126 1.159 2.284 11.42 17.954
    Composite NOX : 1.075 1.373 1.849 1.494 5.017 1.225 1.370 10.745 1.79 2.215
    Composite CO2 : 356.7 456.9 590.9 491.0 896.2 340.5 570.8 1424.4 145.9 523.39

* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
* CACO WEEKEND WINTER SEGMENT 5-7
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 2.
* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #

M583 Warning:
    The user supplied arterial average speed of 45.0
    will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
    has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
    type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
* from the external data file PMGZML.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV

* Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
* from the external data file PMDZML.CSV

* Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
```

* from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV

* Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates

* from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV

M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDGV8b

Calendar Year: 2004
Month: Jan.
Altitude: Low
Minimum Temperature: 31.0 (F)
Maximum Temperature: 46.0 (F)
Absolute Humidity: 30. grains/lb
Nominal Fuel RVP: 13.5 psi
Weathered RVP: 13.5 psi
Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm

Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
Evap I/M Program: No
ATP Program: No
Reformulated Gas: No

Emissions determined from WEEKEND hourly vehicle activity fractions.

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.4358	0.3253	0.1110		0.0358	0.0006	0.0018	0.0839	0.0058	1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.7	14.4	17.4	9.5	29.5	17.6	7.1	50.0	16.9

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):										
Composite VOC :	0.845	0.986	1.655	1.156	0.948	0.436	0.698	0.436	1.52	0.953
Composite CO :	17.74	21.93	27.16	23.26	12.74	1.096	1.128	2.166	9.76	18.575
Composite NOX :	1.101	1.402	1.878	1.523	5.204	1.299	1.454	11.373	1.83	2.299
Composite CO2 :	356.7	456.9	590.9	491.0	896.2	340.5	570.8	1424.4	145.9	523.39

* #
* CACO WEEKEND WINTER SEGMENT 8-9
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 3.
* #
M583 Warning:
The user supplied arterial average speed of 50.0
will be used for all hours of the day. 100% of VMT
has been assigned to the arterial/collector roadway
type for all hours of the day and all vehicle types.

* Reading PM Gas Carbon ZML Levels
* from the external data file PMGZML.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DRL Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR1.CSV

* Reading PM Gas Carbon DR2 Levels
* from the external data file PMGDR2.CSV

* Reading PM Diesel Zero Mile Levels
* from the external data file PMDZML.CSV

* Reading the First PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR1.CSV

* Reading the Second PM Deterioration Rates
* from the external data file PMDDR2.CSV

M 48 Warning:
there are no sales for vehicle class HDGV8b

Calendar Year: 2004
Month: Jan.
Altitude: Low
Minimum Temperature: 31.0 (F)
Maximum Temperature: 46.0 (F)
Absolute Humidity: 30. grains/lb
Nominal Fuel RVP: 13.5 psi
Weathered RVP: 13.5 psi
Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm

Exhaust I/M Program: Yes
Evap I/M Program: No
ATP Program: No
Reformulated Gas: No

Emissions determined from WEEKEND hourly vehicle activity fractions.

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.4358	0.3253	0.1110		0.0358	0.0006	0.0018	0.0839	0.0058	1.0000
Fuel Economy (mpg):	24.0	18.7	14.4	17.4	9.5	29.5	17.6	7.1	50.0	16.9

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):										
Composite VOC :	0.829	0.966	1.618	1.132	0.891	0.420	0.673	0.408	1.51	0.931
Composite CO :	18.42	22.71	28.01	24.06	13.16	1.092	1.124	2.149	9.49	19.233
Composite NOX :	1.127	1.431	1.906	1.552	5.392	1.426	1.596	12.445	1.93	2.421
Composite CO2 :	356.7	456.9	590.9	491.0	896.2	340.5	570.8	1424.4	145.9	523.39

B.1.8 Cape Cod Winter Weekend PM10 and SO₂ Report File

* MOBILE6.2.01 (31-Oct-2002) *
* Input file: CACOWEND.IN (file 1, run 1). *

* #
* CACO WEEKEND WINTER SEGMENT 1-4
* File 1, Run 1, Scenario 1.
* #
Calendar Year: 2004
Month: Jan.
Gasoline Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm
Diesel Fuel Sulfur Content: 500. ppm
Particle Size Cutoff: 10.00 Microns
Reformulated Gas: No

Emissions determined from WEEKEND hourly vehicle activity fractions.

Vehicle Type:	LDGV	LDGT12 <6000	LDGT34 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh
VMT Distribution:	0.4358	0.3253	0.1110		0.0358	0.0006	0.0018	0.0839	0.0058	1.0000

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):

Lead:	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-----	-----	-----	0.0000	0.0000
GASPM:	0.0043	0.0048	0.0062	0.0052	0.0686	-----	-----	-----	0.0205	0.0067
ECARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.1739	0.0736	0.2322	-----	0.0197
OCARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0490	0.1059	0.1161	-----	0.0100
SO4:	0.0012	0.0019	0.0022	0.0020	0.0042	0.0056	0.0094	0.0312	0.0004	0.0042
Total Exhaust PM:	0.0055	0.0068	0.0084	0.0072	0.0729	0.2286	0.1889	0.3794	0.0208	0.0406
Brake:	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125
Tire:	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0087	0.0080	0.0080	0.0260	0.0040	0.0095
Total PM:	0.0260	0.0273	0.0290	0.0277	0.0942	0.2491	0.2095	0.4180	0.0374	0.0626
SO2:	0.0275	0.0351	0.0459	0.0379	0.0692	0.1078	0.1801	0.4454	0.0133	0.0688
NH3:	0.1013	0.1000	0.0962	0.0990	0.0451	0.0068	0.0068	0.0270	0.0113	0.0913

* #
 * CACO WEEKEND WINTER SEGMENT 5-7
 * File 1, Run 1, Scenario 2.
 * #

Calendar Year: 2004
 Month: Jan.
 Gasoline Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm
 Diesel Fuel Sulfur Content: 500. ppm
 Particle Size Cutoff: 10.00 Microns
 Reformulated Gas: No

Emissions determined from WEEKEND hourly vehicle activity fractions.

Vehicle Type: GVWR:	LDGV <6000	LDT12 >6000	LDGT34 (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh	
VMT Distribution:	0.4358	0.3253	0.1110	-----	0.0358	0.0006	0.0018	0.0839	0.0058	1.0000

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):

Lead:	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-----	-----	0.0000	0.0000	
GASPM:	0.0043	0.0048	0.0062	0.0052	0.0686	-----	0.1739	0.0736	0.2322	-----
ECARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0490	0.1059	0.1161	-----	0.0100
OCARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0490	0.1059	0.1161	0.0004	0.0042
SO4:	0.0012	0.0019	0.0022	0.0020	0.0042	0.0056	0.0094	0.0312	0.0028	0.0406
Total Exhaust PM:	0.0055	0.0068	0.0084	0.0072	0.0729	0.2286	0.1889	0.3794	0.0125	0.0125
Brake:	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125
Tire:	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0087	0.0080	0.0080	0.0260	0.0040	0.0095
Total PM:	0.0260	0.0273	0.0290	0.0277	0.0942	0.2491	0.2095	0.4180	0.0374	0.0626
SO2:	0.0275	0.0351	0.0459	0.0379	0.0692	0.1078	0.1801	0.4454	0.0133	0.0688
NH3:	0.1013	0.1000	0.0962	0.0990	0.0451	0.0068	0.0068	0.0270	0.0113	0.0913

* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
 * CACO WEEKEND WINTER SEGMENT 8-9
 * File 1, Run 1, Scenario 3.
 * # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #

Calendar Year: 2004
 Month: Jan.
 Gasoline Fuel Sulfur Content: 121. ppm
 Diesel Fuel Sulfur Content: 500. ppm
 Particle Size Cutoff: 10.00 Microns
 Reformulated Gas: No

Emissions determined from WEEKEND hourly vehicle activity fractions.

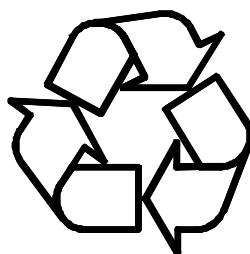
Vehicle Type: GVWR:	LDGV <6000	LDT12 >6000	LDGT (All)	HDGV	LDDV	LDDT	HDDV	MC	All Veh	
VMT Distribution:	0.4358	0.3253	0.1110	-----	0.0358	0.0006	0.0018	0.0839	0.0058	1.0000

Composite Emission Factors (g/mi):

Lead:	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-----	-----	0.0000	0.0000	
GASPM:	0.0043	0.0048	0.0062	0.0052	0.0686	-----	0.1739	0.0736	0.2322	-----
ECARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0490	0.1059	0.1161	-----	0.0100
OCARBON:	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	0.0490	0.1059	0.1161	0.0004	0.0042
SO4:	0.0012	0.0019	0.0022	0.0020	0.0042	0.0056	0.0094	0.0312	0.0028	0.0406
Total Exhaust PM:	0.0055	0.0068	0.0084	0.0072	0.0729	0.2286	0.1889	0.3794	0.0125	0.0125
Brake:	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125
Tire:	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0087	0.0080	0.0080	0.0260	0.0040	0.0095
Total PM:	0.0260	0.0273	0.0290	0.0277	0.0942	0.2491	0.2095	0.4180	0.0374	0.0626
SO2:	0.0275	0.0351	0.0459	0.0379	0.0692	0.1078	0.1801	0.4454	0.0133	0.0688
NH3:	0.1013	0.1000	0.0962	0.0990	0.0451	0.0068	0.0068	0.0270	0.0113	0.0913

B.2 Noise Emissions Output (TNM)

(see Sections 5.2.1 and 5.2.2)



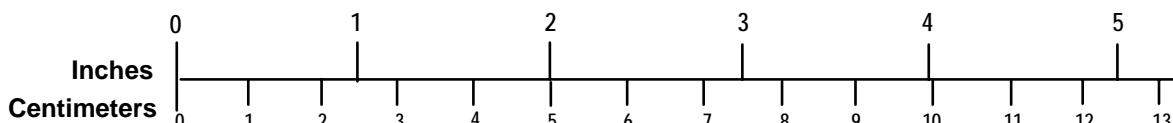
REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE			Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188
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1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY) 30-09-2005	2. REPORT TYPE LETTER REPORT	3. DATES COVERED (From - To) August 2005 to September 2005	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Visitor Vehicle Air and Noise Emissions Study: Cape Cod National Seashore		5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
		5b. GRANT NUMBER NA	
		5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER NA	
6. AUTHOR(S) Clay N. Reherman, George J. Noel, Scott B. Smith, Gregg G. Fleming, and Gary T. Ritter		5d. PROJECT NUMBER(S) HW-1M / BV371	
		5e. TASK NUMBER NPS TIC No. D-361	
		5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER NA	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) U.S. Department of Transportation Research and Innovative Technology Administration John A. Volpe National Transportation Systems Center Environmental Measurement and Modeling Division, DTS-34 Cambridge, MA 02142		8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER DOT-VNTSC-NPS-05-12	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) National Park Service Alternative Transportation Program 1201 Eye St. NW Washington, DC 20005		10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S) WASO/ATP	
		11. SPONSORING/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER (S) (see 5d. and 5e. above)	
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14. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) The U.S. Department of Transportation, John A. Volpe National Transportation Systems Center (Volpe Center), Environmental Measurement and Modeling Division (Volpe Center), provided technical support to a National Park Service (NPS) project to evaluate vehicular emissions in Cape Cod National Seashore. Air emissions were analyzed using the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) MOBILE6.2 emissions inventory prediction model, and noise emissions were analyzed using the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) Traffic Noise Model. Input data are based on historical data, US Geological Survey data, and recommended roadway speeds. An emissions inventory, location point receiver analysis, and contour analysis are presented for Cape Cod National Seashore.			
15. SUBJECT TERMS national parks, emissions, emissions inventory, MOBILE6, TNM, traffic impact, National Park Service, Cape Cod National Seashore, LAeq1h			
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF: NONE		17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT NA	18. NUMBER OF PAGES 64
a. REPORT NONE	b. ABSTRACT NONE	c. THIS PAGE NONE	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON Clay Reherman
			19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (617) 494-6341

METRIC/ENGLISH CONVERSION FACTORS

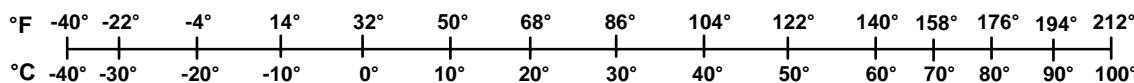
ENGLISH TO METRIC METRIC TO ENGLISH

LENGTH (APPROXIMATE)	LENGTH (APPROXIMATE)
1 inch (in) = 2.5 centimeters (cm) 1 foot (ft) = 30 centimeters (cm) 1 yard (yd) = 0.9 meter (m) 1 mile (mi) = 1.6 kilometers (km)	1 millimeter (mm) = 0.04 inch (in) 1 centimeter (cm) = 0.4 inch (in) 1 meter (m) = 3.3 feet (ft) 1 meter (m) = 1.1 yards (yd) 1 kilometer (km) = 0.6 mile (mi)
AREA (APPROXIMATE)	AREA (APPROXIMATE)
1 square inch (sq in, in ²) = 6.5 square centimeters (cm ²) 1 square foot (sq ft, ft ²) = 0.09 square meter (m ²) 1 square yard (sq yd, yd ²) = 0.8 square meter (m ²) 1 square mile (sq mi, mi ²) = 2.6 square kilometers (km ²) 1 acre = 0.4 hectare (ha) = 4,000 square meters (m ²)	1 square centimeter (cm ²) = 0.16 square inch (sq in, in ²) 1 square meter (m ²) = 1.2 square yards (sq yd, yd ²) 1 square kilometer (km ²) = 0.4 square mile (sq mi, mi ²) 10,000 square meters (m ²) = 1 hectare (ha) = 2.5 acres
MASS - WEIGHT (APPROXIMATE)	MASS - WEIGHT (APPROXIMATE)
1 ounce (oz) = 28 grams (gm) 1 pound (lb) = 0.45 kilogram (kg) 1 short ton = 2,000 pounds (lb) = 0.9 tonne (t)	1 gram (gm) = 0.036 ounce (oz) 1 kilogram (kg) = 2.2 pounds (lb) 1 tonne (t) = 1,000 kilograms (kg) = 1.1 short tons
VOLUME (APPROXIMATE)	VOLUME (APPROXIMATE)
1 teaspoon (tsp) = 5 milliliters (ml) 1 tablespoon (tbsp) = 15 milliliters (ml) 1 fluid ounce (fl oz) = 30 milliliters (ml) 1 cup © = 0.24 liter (l) 1 pint (pt) = 0.47 liter (l) 1 quart (qt) = 0.96 liter (l) 1 gallon (gal) = 3.8 liters (l) 1 cubic foot (cu ft, ft ³) = 0.03 cubic meter (m ³) 1 cubic yard (cu yd, yd ³) = 0.76 cubic meter (m ³)	1 milliliter (ml) = 0.03 fluid ounce (fl oz) 1 liter (l) = 2.1 pints (pt) 1 liter (l) = 1.06 quarts (qt) 1 liter (l) = 0.26 gallon (gal) 1 cubic meter (m ³) = 36 cubic feet (cu ft, ft ³) 1 cubic meter (m ³) = 1.3 cubic yards (cu yd, yd ³)
TEMPERATURE (EXACT)	TEMPERATURE (EXACT)
$[(x-32)(5/9)]^{\circ}\text{F} = y^{\circ}\text{C}$	$[(9/5)y + 32]^{\circ}\text{C} = x^{\circ}\text{F}$

QUICK INCH - CENTIMETER LENGTH CONVERSION



QUICK FAHRENHEIT - CELSIUS TEMPERATURE CONVERSION



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NPS D-361 / September 2005